Proteins

dTAGV-1 TFA

CAS No.:

Cat. No.: HY-145514

Molecular Formula: $C_{70}H_{91}F_{3}N_{6}O_{16}S$

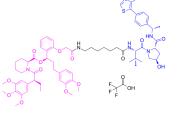
Molecular Weight: 1361.56 Target: **PROTACs** Pathway: **PROTAC**

Storage: -20°C, sealed storage, away from moisture and light

* In solvent: -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture

and light)

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Product Data Sheet

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO: 37.5 mg/mL (27.54 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	0.7345 mL	3.6723 mL	7.3445 mL
	5 mM	0.1469 mL	0.7345 mL	1.4689 mL
	10 mM	0.0734 mL	0.3672 mL	0.7345 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 3.75 mg/mL (2.75 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 3.75 mg/mL (2.75 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	dTAGV-1 TFA is a potent and selective degrader of mutant FKBP12 ^{F36V} fusion proteins. dTAGV-1 TFA can induce degradation
	of FKBP12 ^{F36V} -Nluc in vivo ^[1] .

	of FKBP12 ¹³⁰⁰ -Nluc in vivo ^[1] .
IC ₅₀ & Target	VHL
In Vitro	dTAGV-1 (0.1 nM-10 μ M; 24 h) TFA induces potent degradation of FKBP12 ^{F36V} -Nluc with no effects on FKBP12 ^{WT} -Nluc in 293FT cells ^[1] . dTAGV-1 (125-2000 nM; 24 h) TFA co-treatment with THAL-SNS-032 leads to pronounced degradation of both LACZ-FKBP12 F ^{36V} and CDK9 ^[1] . dTAGV-1 (500 nM; 1-24 h) TFA leads to rapid KRAS ^{G12V} and pERK1/2 degradation ^[1] .
	dTAGV 1 (50-5000 nM; 24 h) TFA enables EWS/FLI degradation in Ewing sarcoma ^[1] .

	MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.		
In Vivo	dTAGV-1 (35 mg/kg; i.p. once daily for 4 days) TFA induces degradation of FKBP12 ^{F36V} -Nluc in mice ^[1] . dTAGV-1 (2-10 mg/kg; i.p.) TFA exhbits half-lives ($T_{1/2}$ =3.64 and 4.4 h), C_{max} (595 and 2123 ng/mL) and great exposure (AUC _{inf} =3136 and 18517 h•ng/mL) in mice ^[1] . dTAGV-1 (2 mg/kg; i.v.) TFA exhbits half-life ($T_{1/2}$ =3.02 h), C_{max} (7780 ng/mL) and great exposure (AUC _{inf} =3329 h•ng/mL) in mice ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.		
	Animal Model:	8-week-old immunocompromised female mice were transplanted with MV4;11 luc-FKBP12 $^{\rm F36V}\rm cells^{[1]}$	
	Dosage:	35 mg/kg	
	Administration:	I.p. once daily for 4 days	
	Result:	Observed striking loss of bioluminescent signal 4 h after the first and three administrations. Degradation evident 28 h after the final administration.	

REFERENCES

[1]. Nabet B, et, al. Rapid and direct control of target protein levels with VHL-recruiting dTAG molecules. Nat Commun. 2020 Sep 18;11(1):4687.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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