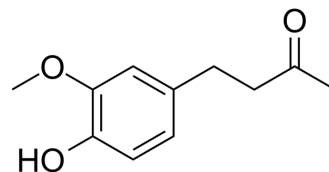


## Zingerone

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-14621
<b>CAS No.:</b>	122-48-5
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>11</sub> H <sub>14</sub> O <sub>3</sub>
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	194.23
<b>Target:</b>	NF-κB
<b>Pathway:</b>	NF-κB
<b>Storage:</b>	4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture and light * In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture and light)



### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

<b>In Vitro</b>	DMSO : 100 mg/mL (514.85 mM; Need ultrasonic)					
	<b>Preparing Stock Solutions</b>	<b>Solvent</b>	<b>Mass</b>	<b>1 mg</b>	<b>5 mg</b>	<b>10 mg</b>
		<b>Concentration</b>				
		<b>1 mM</b>		5.1485 mL	25.7427 mL	51.4854 mL
		<b>5 mM</b>		1.0297 mL	5.1485 mL	10.2971 mL
	<b>10 mM</b>		0.5149 mL	2.5743 mL	5.1485 mL	
Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.						
<b>In Vivo</b>	1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (12.87 mM); Clear solution					
	2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (12.87 mM); Clear solution					
	3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (12.87 mM); Clear solution					

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

<b>Description</b>	Zingerone (Vanillylacetone) is a nontoxic methoxyphenol isolated from Zingiber officinale, with potent anti-inflammatory, antidiabetic, antilipolytic, antidiarrhoeic, antispasmodic and anti-tumor <sup>[3]</sup> properties <sup>[1]</sup> . Zingerone alleviates oxidative stress and inflammation, down-regulates NF-κB mediated signaling pathways <sup>[2]</sup> . Zingerone acts as an anti-mitotic agent, and inhibits the growth of neuroblastoma cells <sup>[3]</sup> .
<b>IC<sub>50</sub> &amp; Target</b>	NF-κB <sup>[3]</sup>
<b>In Vitro</b>	Zingerone is a nontoxic methoxyphenol with potent anti-inflammatory, antidiabetic, antilipolytic, antidiarrhoeic,

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	<p>antispasmodic properties<sup>[1]</sup>.</p> <p>Zingerone (0-2 mM) decreases neuroblastoma cell survival<sup>[3]</sup>.</p> <p>Zingerone (0-2 mM) reduces cyclin D1 expression, increases cleavage of caspase-3 and PARP-1 in BE(2)-M17 cells<sup>[3]</sup>.</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>
<b>In Vivo</b>	<p>Zingerone (50, 100 mg/kg, p.o. daily for 21 days) protects against alloxan-induced diabetes via alleviation of oxidative stress and inflammation in rat<sup>[2]</sup>.</p> <p>Zingerone (10 mg/kg, i.p.) inhibits tumor progression through mitotic arrest, failure of cell division, and stimulation of apoptosis<sup>[3]</sup>.</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>

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## REFERENCES

- [1]. Ahmad B, et al. A Review on Pharmacological Properties of Zingerone (4-(4-Hydroxy-3-methoxyphenyl)-2-butanone). ScientificWorldJournal. 2015;2015:816364.
- [2]. Ahmad B, et al. Zingerone (4-(4-hydroxy-3-methylphenyl) butan-2-one) protects against alloxan-induced diabetes via alleviation of oxidative stress and inflammation: Probable role of NF-kB activation. Saudi Pharm J. 2018 Dec;26(8):1137-1145.
- [3]. Choi JS, et al. Zingerone Suppresses Tumor Development through Decreasing Cyclin D1 Expression and Inducing Mitotic Arrest. Int J Mol Sci. 2018 Sep 19;19(9).
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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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