Bedaquiline fumarate

Cat. No.:	HY-14881A	
CAS No.:	845533-86-0	
Molecular Formula:	$C_{36}H_{35}BrN_2O_6$	
Molecular Weight:	672	
Target:	Bacterial; Antibiotic	HO HO
Pathway:	Anti-infection	
Storage:	4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture	
	* In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture)	

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

		Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	1.4881 mL	7.4405 mL	14.8810 mL
		5 mM	0.2976 mL	1.4881 mL	2.9762 mL
		10 mM	0.1488 mL	0.7440 mL	1.4881 mL
n Vivo	1. Add each solvent	one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG	3300 >> 5% Tween-80	>> 45% saline	
In Vivo	Solubility: ≥ 2.75 n 2. Add each solvent o	one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG ng/mL (4.09 mM); Clear solution one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (209 g/mL (4.09 mM); Suspended solution	% SBE-β-CD in saline)) >> 45% saline	
n Vivo	Solubility: ≥ 2.75 n 2. Add each solvent o Solubility: 2.75 mg 3. Add each solvent o	ng/mL (4.09 mM); Clear solution one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (200	% SBE-β-CD in saline) ; Need ultrasonic	9 >> 45% saline	
n Vivo	Solubility: ≥ 2.75 m 2. Add each solvent o Solubility: 2.75 mg 3. Add each solvent o Solubility: ≥ 2.75 m 4. Add each solvent o	ng/mL (4.09 mM); Clear solution one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (209 g/mL (4.09 mM); Suspended solution one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corr	% SBE-β-CD in saline) ; Need ultrasonic n oil		

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY				
Description	Bedaquiline fumarate, a diarylquinoline antibiotic that targets ATP synthase, is effective for the treatment of Mycobacterium tuberculosis infections.			
In Vitro	Bedaquiline inhibits the growth of TDR M. tuberculosis strains, with MIC values ranging from 0.125 to 0.5 mg/L $^{[1]}$. Among			

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slowly growing mycobacteria (SGM), bedaquiline exhibits the highest activity against Mycobacterium avium with MIC₅₀ and MIC₉₀ values of 0.03 and 16 mg/L, respectively. Among rapidly growing mycobacteria (RGM), Mycobacterium abscessus subsp. abscessus (M. abscessus) and Mycobacterium abscessus subsp. massiliense (M. massiliense) seem more susceptible to bedaquiline than Mycobacterium fortuitum, with MIC₅₀ and MIC₉₀ values of 0.13 and >16 mg/L, respectively, for both species. Bedaquiline also shows moderate in vitro activity against NTM species^[2]. Bedaquiline has an excellent in vitro activity against Mycobacterium tuberculosis, including multidrug resistant M tuberculosis^[3]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Cell. 2023 May 11;186(10):2176-2192.e22.
- Nat Commun. 2021 Jun 21;12(1):3816.
- Eur J Med Chem. 6 August 2022, 114639.
- Mbio. 2021 Jun 1;e0108821.
- Int J Pharm. 2024 Feb 21:653:123920.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Jang JC, et al. Bedaquiline susceptibility test for totally drug-resistant tuberculosis Mycobacterium tuberculosis. J Microbiol. 2017 Apr 20.

[2]. Pang Y, et al. In Vitro Activity of Bedaquiline against Nontuberculous Mycobacteria in China. Antimicrob Agents Chemother. 2017 Apr 24;61(5).

[3]. Chahine EB, et al. Bedaquiline: a novel diarylquinoline for multidrug-resistant tuberculosis. Ann Pharmacother. 2014 Jan;48(1):107-15.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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