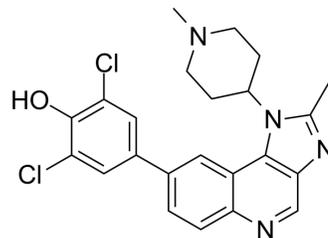


JAK-IN-23

Cat. No.:	HY-151262
CAS No.:	3031837-35-8
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₃ H ₂₂ Cl ₂ N ₄ O
Molecular Weight:	441.35
Target:	JAK; STING; NF-κB; STAT
Pathway:	Epigenetics; JAK/STAT Signaling; Protein Tyrosine Kinase/RTK; Stem Cell/Wnt; Immunology/Inflammation; NF-κB
Storage:	4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture and light * In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture and light)



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO : 5 mg/mL (11.33 mM; ultrasonic and warming and heat to 80°C)

Concentration	Solvent	Mass		
		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	2.2658 mL	11.3289 mL	22.6578 mL
	5 mM	0.4532 mL	2.2658 mL	4.5316 mL
	10 mM	0.2266 mL	1.1329 mL	2.2658 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

JAK-IN-23 is an orally active double inhibitor of JAK/STAT and NF-κB. JAK-IN-23 can inhibit JAK1/2/3 with IC₅₀ values of 8.9 nM, 15 nM and 46.2 nM, respectively. JAK-IN-23 has potent inhibitory activities against interferon-stimulated genes (ISG) and NF-κB pathways with IC₅₀ values of 3.3 nM and 150.7 nM, respectively. JAK-IN-23 has great anti-inflammatory that decreases the release of various proinflammatory factors. JAK-IN-23 can be used for the research of inflammatory bowel disease (IBD) [1].

IC₅₀ & Target

JAK1	JAK2	JAK3	NF-κB
8.9 nM (IC ₅₀)	15 nM (IC ₅₀)	46.2 nM (IC ₅₀)	150.7 nM (IC ₅₀)
ISG 3.3 nM (IC ₅₀)			

In Vitro

JAK-IN-23 inhibits JAK1/2/3 with IC₅₀ values of 8.9 nM, 15 nM and 46.2 nM, respectively^[1]. JAK-IN-23 shows potent inhibitory activities against ISG and NF-κB with IC₅₀ values of 3.3 nM and 150.7 nM, respectively^[1]. WB--- JAK-IN-23 (0.33μM, 1μM, 3μM; 24 h) can simultaneously block JAK-STAT1/3 and NF-κB proinflammatory signaling

pathways in THP1-dual cells^[1].

JAK-IN-23 (0.003-3 μ M; 24 h) decreases the release of various proinflammatory factors, including IL-6, IL-8, IL-1 β in THP1-dual cells stimulated by LPS^[1].

JAK-IN-23 (0.11-3 μ M; 24 h) decreases the release of various proinflammatory factors, including TNF- α , IL-12, IL-10 and IFN γ in LPS-induced peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs)^[1].

JAK-IN-23 (1 μ M) inhibits the expression of a variety of inflammation-related genes induced by LPS, including IL-1B, TNF, IL12B, and IL-23A and has inhibitory effects on the expression of genes involved in the unfolded protein response that was induced by LPS (1 μ g/mL)^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Western Blot Analysis^[1]

Cell Line:	THP1-Dual Cells
Concentration:	0.33 μ M, 1 μ M, 3 μ M
Incubation Time:	24 h
Result:	Inhibited p-STAT1/3 in a dose-dependent manner that was induced by IL-6, as well as inhibited pNF- κ B p65 in a dose-dependent manner, but not on MYD88 and p-IKK α/β that was induced by LPS.

In Vivo

JAK-IN-23 (1-5 mg/kg, oral) produces a strong anti-inflammatory activity in both dextran sulfate sodium (DSS) - and 2,4,6-trinitrobenzenesulfonic acid (TNBS)-induced acute enteritis models and restores the structural composition of gut microbiota^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	DSS-Induced Acute Colitis Mice Model ^[1]
Dosage:	1 mg/kg, 3 mg/kg
Administration:	oral
Result:	Significantly decreased the DAI scores (1 and 3 mg/kg). Recovered the length of the colon (3 mg/kg). Significantly reduced the histopathology of ulcerative colitis (1 and 3 mg/kg).

Animal Model:	The BALB/c mouse inflammatory bowel disease (IBD) model ^[1]
Dosage:	1 mg/kg, 5 mg/kg
Administration:	oral
Result:	Significantly improved the survival probability, had low DAI scores and effectively relieved symptoms of colitis in the TNBS-induced IBD mice model (5 mg/kg). Did not improve the survival probability and decreases the DAI score (100 mg/kg).

REFERENCES

[1]. Xuewu Liang, et al. Discovery of Novel Imidazo[4,5- c]quinoline Derivatives to Treat Inflammatory Bowel Disease (IBD) by Inhibiting Multiple Proinflammatory Signaling Pathways and Restoring Intestinal Homeostasis. J Med Chem. 2022 Sep 2.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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