Product Data Sheet

Enpp/Carbonic anhydrase-IN-2

Cat. No.: HY-151917

CAS No.: 2883495-39-2

Molecular Formula: C₂₃H₂₄FNO₄S

Molecular Weight: 429.5

Target: Apoptosis; Carbonic Anhydrase; Phosphodiesterase (PDE)

Pathway: Apoptosis; Metabolic Enzyme/Protease

In solvent

Storage: Powder -20°C 3 years

4°C 2 years -80°C 6 months

-20°C 1 month

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro DMSO: 100 mg/mL (232.83 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	2.3283 mL	11.6414 mL	23.2829 mL
	5 mM	0.4657 mL	2.3283 mL	4.6566 mL
	10 mM	0.2328 mL	1.1641 mL	2.3283 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil

Solubility: \geq 2.5 mg/mL (5.82 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description Enpp/Carbonic anhydrase-IN-2 (compound 1i) is a potent Enpp and carbonic anhydrase inhibitor with IC₅₀s of 1.13, 1.07,

0.74, 0.33, 0.68 for NPP1, NPP2, NPP3, CA-IX, CA-XII respectively. Enpp/Carbonic anhydrase-IN-2 shows antiproliferative activity for cancer cells and low cytotoxic against normal cells. Enpp/Carbonic anhydrase-IN-2 induces Apoptosis $^{[1]}$.

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 IC50 & Target
 CA XII
 NPP1
 NPP2

 0.33 μ M (IC50)
 0.68 μ M (IC50)
 1.13 μ M (IC50)
 1.07 μ M (IC50)

NPP3

 $0.74 \, \mu M \, (IC_{50})$

In Vitro Enpp/Carbonic anhydrase-IN-2 (compound 1i) (0-100 µM;) inhibits some cancer cells growth with IC₅₀s of 0.58, 0.58, 0.63,

 $0.42,\,0.20,\,0.72,\,0.41,\,0.76,\,0.94,\,0.28,\,0.49,\,0.59,\,0.83\,\mu\text{M} \text{ for K-562, COLO 205, HCT-116, HCT-15, HT29, KM12, SW-620, SF-539, MIC-116, HCT-15, HT29, KM12, SW-620, SF-539, MIC-116, HCT-116, HCT-15, HCT-116, HCT$

NCI/ADR-RES, A498, PC-3, MCF7, T-47D cells, respectively [1].

Enpp/Carbonic anhydrase-IN-2 (0-2 μ M) shows low cytotoxic against normal breast epithelial cells (HME1) and normal skin fibroblast cells (F180) with IC₅₀s of > 50 μ M^[1].

Enpp/Carbonic anhydrase-IN-2 (0.58, 1.16 μM) induces apoptosis in a dose-dependent manner at K-562 cells^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Cell Proliferation Assay^[1]

Cell Line:	K-562, COLO 205, HCT-116, HCT-15, HT29, KM12, SW-620, SF-539, NCI/ADR-RES, A498, PC-3, MCF7, T-47D cells	
Concentration:	0-100 μΜ	
Incubation Time:		
Result:	Inhibited the cell growth with IC ₅₀ s of 0.58, 0.58, 0.63, 0.42, 0.20, 0.72, 0.41, 0.76, 0.94, 0.28, 0.49, 0.59, 0.83 μM for K-562, COLO 205, HCT-116, HCT-15, HT29, KM12, SW-620, SF-539, NCI/ADR-RES, A498, PC-3, MCF7, T-47D cells, respectively.	
Apoptosis Analysis ^[1]		
Cell Line:	K-562 cells	
Concentration:	0.58, 1.16 μΜ	
Incubation Time:		
Result:	Induced apoptosis in a dose-dependent manner.	

REFERENCES

[1]. Afnan I. Shahin, et al. Design and synthesis of new adamantyl derivatives as promising antiproliferative agents. European Journal of Medicinal Chemistry, 2022.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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