## MC2590

®

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Cat. No.: CAS No.: Molecular Formula: Molecular Weight: Target: Pathway: Storage:	HY-152226 2284460-01-9 C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>3</sub> 347.37 HDAC; Apoptosis Cell Cycle/DNA Damage; Epigenetics; Apoptosis Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of	O H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.	

Product Data Sheet

BIOLOGICAL ACTIV				
Description	MC2590 is a potent pyridine-containing histone deacetylase (HDAC) inhibitor. MC2590 is a inhibitor of HDAC1-3, -6, -8, and - 10 (class I/IIb-selective inhibitor) with IC <sub>50</sub> s of 0.015 μM-0.156 μM. MC2590 also inhibits HDAC isoforms HDAC4, HDAC5, HDAC7, HDAC9, HDAC11 with IC <sub>50</sub> s of 1.35 μM-3.98 μM. MC2625 induces G2/M cell cycle arrest and modulates pro- and anti- apoptotic microRNAs towards apoptosis induction <sup>[1]</sup> .			
IC₅o & Target	HDAC1 0.098 μΜ (IC <sub>50</sub> )	HDAC2 0.156 μΜ (IC <sub>50</sub> )	HDAC3 0.039 μΜ (IC <sub>50</sub> )	HDAC6 0.015 μΜ (IC <sub>50</sub> )
	HDAC8 0.047 μΜ (IC <sub>50</sub> )	HDAC10 0.071 μΜ (IC <sub>50</sub> )	HDAC4 2.73 μΜ (IC <sub>50</sub> )	HDAC5 1.35 μΜ (IC <sub>50</sub> )
	HDAC7 2.06 μΜ (IC <sub>50</sub> )	HDAC9 2.79 μΜ (IC <sub>50</sub> )	HDAC11 3.98 μΜ (IC <sub>50</sub> )	
In Vitro	<ul> <li>MC2625 (compound 5e) has antiproliferative activity with Colorectal carcinoma HCT116 (IC<sub>50</sub>=0.07 μM), Lung adenocarcinoma A549 (IC<sub>50</sub>=0.32 μM), Chronic myelogenous leukaemia K562 (IC<sub>50</sub>=0.05 μM) for 72 h<sup>[1]</sup>.</li> <li>MC2625 (1, 5 μM; 24, 48 h) displays mainly G2/M cell cycle arrest<sup>[1]</sup>.</li> <li>MC2625 (1, 5 μM; 24, 48 h) reveals H3K9/14 hyperacetylation activity, increases the acetyl-α-tubulin level, markedly upregulates the p21 protein<sup>[1]</sup>.</li> <li>MC2625 (1, 5 μM; 48 h) increases mRNA expression of p21, BAX and BAK, downregulates cyclin D1 and BCL-2 and modulates pro- and anti-apoptotic microRNAs towards apoptosis induction<sup>[1]</sup>.</li> <li>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</li> <li>Cell Cycle Analysis<sup>[1]</sup></li> </ul>			0.07 μM), Lung • 72 h <sup>[1]</sup> . oulin level, markedly D1 and BCL-2 and modulates nly.
	Cell Line:	Human acute myeloid leukaemia U937 cells		
	Concentration:	1,5μΜ		
	Incubation Time:	24, 48 h		
	Result:	At 24 h, showed very low increase of the pre-G1 peak and led to a G2/M phase arrest at 1 $\mu$ M; induced a 10% pre-G1 increase and displayed a block at the G2/M phase at 5 $\mu$ M. At 48 h, induced a 70-85% block of the cell cycle at the G1 phase.		

Cell Line:	Human acute myeloid leukaemia U937 cells	
Concentration:	1,5μΜ	
Incubation Time:	24, 48 h	
Result:	At 1 $\mu$ M revealed H3K9/14 hyperacetylation activity, increased the acetyl- $\alpha$ -tubulin level markedly upregulated the p21 protein.	
RT-PCR <sup>[1]</sup>		
Cell Line:	Human acute myeloid leukaemia U937 cells	
Concentration:	1,5 μM	
Incubation Time:	48 h	
<ul> <li>At 1 μM significantly induced the expression of BAX and BAK, dose-dependent downregulated the antiapoptotic factor BCL-2.</li> <li>Downregulated miRNAs with antiapoptotic activity (miR-17-5p, miR-18-5p, miR-20a-5p, miR-21-5p); induced the proapoptotic miRNAs (miR-let7a-5p, miR-181b-5p, miR-769-5p, miR-122-5p).</li> </ul>		

## REFERENCES

[1]. Elisabetta Di Bello, et al. Novel pyridine-containing histone deacetylase inhibitors strongly arrest proliferation, induce apoptosis and modulate miRNAs in cancer cells. Eur J Med Chem. 2022 Dec 15;247:115022.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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