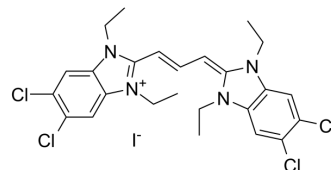


JC-1

Cat. No.:	HY-15534
CAS No.:	3520-43-2
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₅ H ₂₇ Cl ₄ I _N ₄
Molecular Weight:	652.23
Target:	Fluorescent Dye
Pathway:	Others
Storage:	4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture and light * In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture and light)



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO : 5 mg/mL (7.67 mM; ultrasonic and warming and heat to 60°C)
H₂O : < 0.1 mg/mL (insoluble)

Concentration	Mass		
	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
1 mM	1.5332 mL	7.6660 mL	15.3320 mL
5 mM	0.3066 mL	1.5332 mL	3.0664 mL
10 mM	---	---	---

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline
Solubility: 1.25 mg/mL (1.92 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)
Solubility: 1.25 mg/mL (1.92 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

JC-1 (CBIC2) is an ideal fluorescent probe widely used to detect mitochondrial membrane potential. JC-1 accumulates in mitochondria in a potential dependent manner and can be used to detect the membrane potential of cells, tissues or purified mitochondria. In normal mitochondria, JC-1 aggregates in the mitochondrial matrix to form a polymer, which emits strong red fluorescence (Ex=488 nm, Em=595 nm); When the mitochondrial membrane potential is low, JC-1 cannot aggregate in the matrix of mitochondria and produce green fluorescence (ex=488 nm, em= 530 nm)^[1].

In Vitro

JC-1 staining
a. Take the 6-well plate as an example for cell planking, and the density is 5×10⁵/mL. Incubate overnight in 5% CO₂ incubator at 37°. Note: it is suggested that the cell density during apoptosis induction should not exceed 1×10⁶/ml, which can also be cultured

to the appropriate density according to your own cell type.

b. Take 0.5 mL suspension into sterile centrifuge tube; 400 g centrifugation for 3-5 min; Discard the supernatant.

c. The cells were resuspended with 1mL JC-1 working solution and incubated in 5% CO₂ incubator at 37°C for 15-30 min.

d. Centrifugation at room temperature for 5 min at 400 g; Suck off the supernatant.

e. The cells were resuspended with 2 mL cell culture medium or buffer, and then centrifuged at room temperature for 5 min at 400 g; Discard the supernatant and repeat twice.

f. Resuspend the cells with 1mL of fresh culture medium or buffer, and immediately conduct subsequent flow cytometry or fluorescence microscope observation.

g. Data analysis (flow cytometry) : mitochondria of healthy cells containing red JC-1 aggregates were detected by FL2 channel; Apoptotic or unhealthy cells containing green JC-1 monomer were detected by FL1 (FITC) channel.

h. If used for enzyme labeling instrument, use 300 µL buffer resuspended cells; Then 100 per hole µ Transfer the stained cells to a light tight 96 well plate with the amount of L, and then conduct fluorescent enzyme label plate analysis.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Mol Cancer. 2019 Apr 10;18(1):85.
- Bioact Mater. 2024 Apr 23;37:393-406.
- Bioact Mater. 2022 Aug 11;21:20-31.
- ACS Nano. 2023 Aug 30.
- ACS Nano. 2023 Jul 11.

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REFERENCES

- [1]. A Perelman, et al. JC-1: alternative excitation wavelengths facilitate mitochondrial membrane potential cytometry. Cell Death Dis. 2012 Nov 22;3:e430.
- [2]. Vera C. Keil, et al. Ratiometric high-resolution imaging of JC-1 fluorescence reveals the subcellular heterogeneity of astrocytic mitochondria. Pflügers Archiv - European Journal of Physiology. 2011;462(5): 693-708.
- [3]. Jung-Ho LEE, et al. Real-time analysis of amyloid fibril formation of α -synuclein using a fibrillation-state-specific fluorescent probe of JC-1. Biochem. J. 2009, 418:311-323.
- [4]. Salvoli S, et al. JC-1, but not DiOC6(3) or rhodamine 123, is a reliable fluorescent probe to assess delta psi changes in intact cells: implications for studies on mitochondrial functionality during apoptosis. FEBS Lett. 1997 Jul 7;411(1):77-82.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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