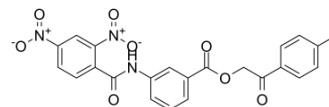


FM19G11

Cat. No.:	HY-15672
CAS No.:	329932-55-0
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₃ H ₁₇ N ₃ O ₈
Molecular Weight:	463.4
Target:	HIF/HIF Prolyl-Hydroxylase
Pathway:	Metabolic Enzyme/Protease
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	FM19G11 is a hypoxia-inducible factor-1-alpha (HIF-1α) inhibitor, and it inhibits hypoxia-induced luciferase activity with an IC ₅₀ of 80 nM in HeLa cells. FM19G11 modulates other signaling pathways, including mTOR and PI3K/Akt/eNOS, when the HIF-1α pathway is inactivated under normoxic conditions ^{[1][2]} .																
IC₅₀ & Target	HIF-1α ^[1]																
In Vitro	<p>FM19G11 (30-300 nM) inhibits HIFα proteins in the HeLa cell lines^[1].</p> <p>FM19G11 (500 nM) promotes oligodendrocyte differentiation under hypoxia^[1].</p> <p>FM19G11 (300 nM; 3 days) suppresses the mRNA levels of O⁶-methylguanine DNA-methyltransferase (MGMT) significantly in hypoxic GBMØXD, hypoxic T98G, and normoxic T98G cells^[2].</p> <p>M19G11 (300 nM; 3 days) significantly enhances the proapoptotic effect of temozolomide (TMZ), although FM19G11 does not induce apoptosis by itself^[2].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <p>Cell Viability Assay^[2]</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;">Cell Line:</td> <td>GBMØXD and T98G cells</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concentration:</td> <td>300 nM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Incubation Time:</td> <td>3 days</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Had no cytotoxicity by itself. Enhanced the cytotoxicity of TMZ in hypoxic GBM-XD cells, hypoxic T98G cells, and normoxic T98G cells.</td> </tr> </table> <p>Western Blot Analysis^[2]</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;">Cell Line:</td> <td>GBMØXD and T98G cells</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concentration:</td> <td>300 nM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Incubation Time:</td> <td>3 days</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Suppressed MGMT expression significantly in both cell lines in hypoxic culture. Downregulated MGMT expression substantially in T98G cells in normoxic culture.</td> </tr> </table>	Cell Line:	GBMØXD and T98G cells	Concentration:	300 nM	Incubation Time:	3 days	Result:	Had no cytotoxicity by itself. Enhanced the cytotoxicity of TMZ in hypoxic GBM-XD cells, hypoxic T98G cells, and normoxic T98G cells.	Cell Line:	GBMØXD and T98G cells	Concentration:	300 nM	Incubation Time:	3 days	Result:	Suppressed MGMT expression significantly in both cell lines in hypoxic culture. Downregulated MGMT expression substantially in T98G cells in normoxic culture.
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In Vivo

FM19G11 (intramedullary injection; 1-8 weeks) improves locomotion in severe spinal cord injury (SCI)^[3].
FM19G11 (intramedullary injection; 8 weeks) induces the expression of GAP43, an axon growth marker, and RIP, a marker for myelinated oligodendrocytes at the injury^[3].
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

REFERENCES

- [1]. Victoria MM, et, al. FM19G11, a new hypoxia-inducible factor (HIF) modulator, affects stem cell differentiation status. J Biol Chem. 2010 Jan 8; 285(2): 1333-42.
- [2]. You CG, et, al. FM19G11 inhibits O⁶-methylguanine DNA-methyltransferase expression under both hypoxic and normoxic conditions. Cancer Med. 2018 May 15; 7(7): 3292-3300.
- [3]. Ana AA, et, al. FM19G11 and Ependymal Progenitor/Stem Cell Combinatory Treatment Enhances Neuronal Preservation and Oligodendrogenesis after Severe Spinal Cord Injury. Int J Mol Sci. 2018 Jan 9; 19(1): 200.
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