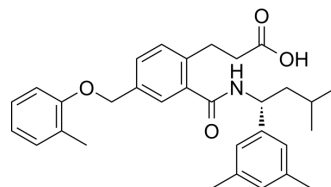


## EP3 antagonist 6

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-157495
<b>CAS No.:</b>	499149-94-9
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>31</sub> H <sub>37</sub> NO <sub>4</sub>
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	487.63
<b>Target:</b>	Prostaglandin Receptor
<b>Pathway:</b>	GPCR/G Protein
<b>Storage:</b>	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

<b>Description</b>	EP3 antagonist 6 (compound 5) is a potent, orally and selective EP3 receptor antagonist, with an IC <sub>50</sub> of 1.9 nM. EP3 antagonist 6 can inhibits PGE2-induced (HY-101952) uterine contraction in pregnant rats <sup>[1]</sup> .																																
<b>IC<sub>50</sub> &amp; Target</b>	EP3 1.9 nM (IC <sub>50</sub> )																																
<b>In Vivo</b>	<p>EP3 antagonist 6 (0.1-1 mg/kg; p.o.; Single Dose) is effective in eliciting dose-dependent uterine contraction presentation in pregnant rats<sup>[1]</sup>.</p> <p>EP3 antagonist 6 (0.1-1 mg/kg; p.o.) shows an AUC of 1.01 µg·h/mL and a C<sub>max</sub> of 0.33 µg/mL<sup>[1]</sup>.</p> <p>Pharmacokinetic Analysis in EP3 antagonist 6 <sup>[1]</sup></p> <p>☒☒☒☒☒☒<sup>[1]</sup></p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr style="background-color: #f2f2f2;"> <th>Route</th> <th>Dose (mg/kg)</th> <th>AUC (µg·h/mL)</th> <th>t<sub>1/2</sub> (h)</th> <th>Cl<sub>tot</sub> (mL·min/kg)</th> <th>V<sub>ss</sub> (L/kg)</th> <th>C<sub>max</sub> (µg/mL)</th> <th>F (%)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>i.v.</td> <td>2.7</td> <td>0.89</td> <td>0.4</td> <td>51.5</td> <td>1.24</td> <td>/</td> <td>/</td> </tr> <tr> <td>p.o.</td> <td>10</td> <td>1.01</td> <td>1.6</td> <td>/</td> <td>/</td> <td>0.33</td> <td>31</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;">Animal Model:</td> <td>pregnant rats <sup>[1]</sup></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>0.1 ; 0.3 ; 1 mg/kg; Single Dose</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td> <td>p.o.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Showed a dose-dependent inhibition of uterine contractions with 29% inhibition at 0.1 mg/kg, 53% at 0.3 mg/kg, and 98% at 1 mg/kg.</td> </tr> </table>	Route	Dose (mg/kg)	AUC (µg·h/mL)	t <sub>1/2</sub> (h)	Cl <sub>tot</sub> (mL·min/kg)	V <sub>ss</sub> (L/kg)	C <sub>max</sub> (µg/mL)	F (%)	i.v.	2.7	0.89	0.4	51.5	1.24	/	/	p.o.	10	1.01	1.6	/	/	0.33	31	Animal Model:	pregnant rats <sup>[1]</sup>	Dosage:	0.1 ; 0.3 ; 1 mg/kg; Single Dose	Administration:	p.o.	Result:	Showed a dose-dependent inhibition of uterine contractions with 29% inhibition at 0.1 mg/kg, 53% at 0.3 mg/kg, and 98% at 1 mg/kg.
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## REFERENCES

[1]. Asada M, et, al. 3-(2-Aminocarbonylphenyl)propanoic acid analogs as potent and selective EP3 receptor antagonists. Part 3: Synthesis, metabolic stability, and biological evaluation of optically active analogs. Bioorg Med Chem. 2010 May 1;18(9):3212-23.

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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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