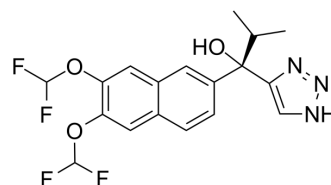


Seviteronel

| | | | |
|---------------------------|--|-------|---------|
| Cat. No.: | HY-15996 | | |
| CAS No.: | 1610537-15-9 | | |
| Molecular Formula: | C ₁₈ H ₁₇ F ₄ N ₃ O ₃ | | |
| Molecular Weight: | 399.34 | | |
| Target: | Cytochrome P450 | | |
| Pathway: | Metabolic Enzyme/Protease | | |
| Storage: | Powder | -20°C | 3 years |
| | | 4°C | 2 years |
| | In solvent | -80°C | 2 years |
| | | -20°C | 1 year |



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO : ≥ 50 mg/mL (125.21 mM)
 * "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.

| Preparing Stock Solutions | Solvent Concentration | Mass | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| | | 1 mg | 5 mg | 10 mg |
| | 1 mM | 2.5041 mL | 12.5207 mL | 25.0413 mL |
| | 5 mM | 0.5008 mL | 2.5041 mL | 5.0083 mL |
| | 10 mM | 0.2504 mL | 1.2521 mL | 2.5041 mL |

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline
 Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.26 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)
 Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.26 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil
 Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.26 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

Seviteronel (VT-464) is a potent CYP17 lyase inhibitor (h-Lyase IC₅₀=69 nM) that demonstrated both exceptional in vitro lyase/hydroxylase selectivity (~10-fold) and oral activity in a hamster model of androgen biosynthesis inhibition.

IC₅₀ & Target

IC₅₀: 69 nM (h-CYP17 Lyase)^[1].

In Vitro

Seviteronel (VT-464), a non-steroidal small molecule inhibits androgen production without mineralocorticoid excess or

cortisol depletion by selective inhibition of CYP17 17,20-lyase. We determined the impact of Seviteronel (VT-464) on tumor growth of a mCRPC xenograft, MDA-PCa-133, in vivo, and on androgen signaling in C4-2B prostate cancer cells in vitro^[2]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

In Vivo

The MDA-PCa-133 xenograft is derived from a clinical CRPC bone metastasis. Subcutaneous MDA-PCa-133 tumor expresses PSA, full-length androgen receptor (AR) and AR-V7 isoform. We determined the effect of Seviteronel (VT-464) and AA on MDA-PCa-133 growing in tumor-bearing castrated male mice: randomization into three groups; oral treatment with vehicle only, VT-464, (100 mg/kg bid), or AA (100 mg/kg bid) for 25 days. Both Seviteronel (VT-464) and AA reduced tumor volume (>two fold compared to vehicle; p<0.05). These results indicate that selective Seviteronel (VT-464) CYP17 lyase inhibition is as effective as AA CYP17 inhibition in this model [2].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

REFERENCES

[1]. Rafferty SW, et al. Highly-selective 4-(1,2,3-triazole)-based P450c17a 17,20-lyase inhibitors. *Bioorg Med Chem Lett*. 2014 Jun 1;24(11):2444-7.

[2]. Sankar N. Maity, et al. Abstract 4772: Efficacy of VT-464, a novel selective inhibitor of cytochrome P450 17,20-lyase, in castrate-resistant prostate cancer models. *Cancer Research*: April 15, 2013; Volume 73, Issue 8, Supplement 1

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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