## Antitumor agent-143

**MedChemExpress** 

Cat. No.:	HY-161332	Г ∧
Molecular Formula:	C <sub>47</sub> H <sub>29</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> F <sub>6</sub> IrN <sub>9</sub> P	
Molecular Weight:	1127.88	
Target:	Ferroptosis; Pyroptosis; Apoptosis; Reactive Oxygen Species	
Pathway:	Apoptosis; Immunology/Inflammation; Metabolic Enzyme/Protease; NF-κB	
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of	
	Analysis.	F F F F

BIOLOGICAL ACTIV	ТҮ	
Description	Antitumor agent-143 (compound 2c) is an antitumor agent that blocks cell proliferation of A549 cells during the S phase and induces an early apoptosis. Antitumor agent-143 induces cell death via ferroptosis, apoptosis by a ROS-mediated mitochondrial dysfunction pathway and GSDMD-mediated pyroptosis <sup>[1]</sup> .	
In Vitro	Antitumor agent-143 (compound 2c; 48h) inhibits the cell growth of A549, B16, HCT116 and HepG2 cells with IC <sub>50</sub> values of 2.2 μM, 2.5 μM and 1 μM, respectively <sup>[1]</sup> . Antitumor agent-143 (compound 2c) blocks cell proliferation of A549 cells during the S phase and induces an early apoptosis <sup>[1]</sup> . Antitumor agent-143 (compound 2c) leads to elevated ROS and Ca <sup>2+</sup> amounts. This resulted in a reduced mitochondrial membrane potential, mitochondrial permeability transition pore opening, and an increase of cytochrome c <sup>[1]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.	
In Vivo	Antitumor agent-143 (cc MCE has not independer Animal Model: Dosage: Administration: Result:	pompound 2c) decreases tumor volumes comparison to the control <sup>[1]</sup> .         ntly confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.         BALB/c nude mice (3-4 weeks) injected with A549 cells <sup>[1]</sup> 3.2 or 5.0 mg/kg         Intraperitoneal injection; daily; for 7 days         Exhibited a remarkable inhibitory rate of 58.58% in restraining tumor growth.

## REFERENCES

[1]. Huiyan Hu, et al. Synthesis and mitochondria-localized iridium (III) complexes induce cell death through pyroptosis and ferroptosis pathways. Eur J Med Chem. 2024 Feb 29:268:116295.

**Product** Data Sheet



## Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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