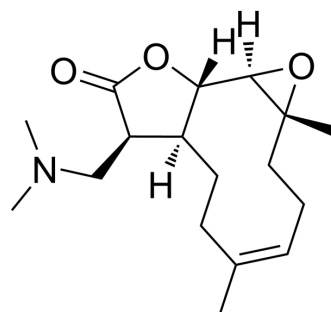


## (S)-DMAPT

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-16172A
<b>CAS No.:</b>	870677-05-7
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>27</sub> NO <sub>3</sub>
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	293.4
<b>Target:</b>	NF-κB
<b>Pathway:</b>	NF-κB
<b>Storage:</b>	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

<b>Description</b>	(S)-DMAPT (Dimethylamino Parthenolide), an analogue of Parthenolide (PTL), is an oral active NF-κB inhibitor, with a LD <sub>50</sub> of 1.7 μM for cell population in AML cells. Has potential anti-cancer and anti-metastatic effect <sup>[1]</sup> .
<b>In Vitro</b>	DMAPT treatment decreased constitutive NF-κB binding activity, inhibits cell proliferation and viability of PC-3 and DU145 cells <sup>[2]</sup> . Treatment of PC-3 and DU145 cells with 5 and 4 μM DMAPT, respectively, increases the population doubling times of PC-3 prostate cancer cells from 23.0 ± 5.0 h to 42.0 ± 3.0 h and of the DU145 cells from 20.4 ± 2.2 h to 72.5 ± 24.8 h <sup>[2]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.
<b>In Vivo</b>	Treatment with DMAPT (100 mg/kg, Oral gavage daily for 7 days) increases sensitivity of PC-3 tumor xenografts to X-rays <sup>[2]</sup> . DMAPT (100 mg/kg, Oral gavage thrice weekly from 42 to 300 days since birth) treatment slows normal tumor development in TRAMP mice, extending the time-to-palpable prostate tumor by 20% <sup>[3]</sup> . DMAPT further reduces the metastatic area below that of the water vehicle treatment group in lung tissues (0.10% ± 0.15 SD, 92% reduction, p = 0.0028) in TRAMP mice <sup>[3]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

### REFERENCES

- [1]. Neelakantan S, et al. Aminoparthenolides as novel anti-leukemic agents: Discovery of the NF-kappaB inhibitor, DMAPT (LC-1). *Bioorg Med Chem Lett*. 2009 Aug 1;19(15):4346-9.
- [2]. Mendonca MS, et al. DMAPT inhibits NF-κB activity and increases sensitivity of prostate cancer cells to X-rays in vitro and in tumor xenografts in vivo. *Free Radic Biol Med*. 2017 Nov;112:318-326.
- [3]. Morel KL, et al. Chronic low dose ethanol induces an aggressive metastatic phenotype in TRAMP mice, which is counteracted by parthenolide. *Clin Exp Metastasis*. 2018 Oct;35(7):649-661.

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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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