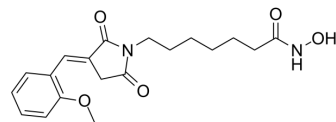


## HDAC-IN-71

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-163430
<b>CAS No.:</b>	2995354-52-2
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>19</sub> H <sub>24</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	360.4
<b>Target:</b>	HDAC; Apoptosis
<b>Pathway:</b>	Cell Cycle/DNA Damage; Epigenetics; Apoptosis
<b>Storage:</b>	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

<b>Description</b>	HDAC-IN-71 (Compound 17q) is a potent HDAC inhibitor with IC <sub>50</sub> values of 12.6, 14.1, 20, 3, and 72 nM for HDAC1, HDAC2, HDAC3, HDAC6, and HDAC10, respectively. HDAC-IN-71 induces apoptosis and can be used in cancer research <sup>[1]</sup> .			
<b>IC<sub>50</sub> &amp; Target</b>	HDAC1 12.6 nM (IC <sub>50</sub> )	HDAC2 14.1 nM (IC <sub>50</sub> )	HDAC3 20 nM (IC <sub>50</sub> )	HDAC6 3 nM (IC <sub>50</sub> )
	HDAC10 72 nM (IC <sub>50</sub> )			
<b>In Vitro</b>	HDAC-IN-71 (0-1.6 μM; 24 h) inhibits colony formation in a dose-dependent manner and completely inhibits colony formation of DU145 cells at a concentration of 3.2 μM <sup>[1]</sup> .			
	HDAC-IN-71 (0-1.6 μM; 72 h) arrests cells in G2/M phase and induces apoptosis in DU145 cell line in a concentration-dependent manner <sup>[1]</sup> .			
	MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.			
	Cell Migration Assay <sup>[1]</sup>			
	Cell Line:	DU145 cells		
	Concentration:	0, 0.2, 0.4, 0.8, 1.6 μM		
	Incubation Time:	12 h		
	Result:	Inhibited cancer cell migration.		
	Cell Cycle Analysis <sup>[1]</sup>			
	Cell Line:	DU145 cells		
Concentration:	0, 0.2, 0.4, 0.8, 1.6 μM			
Incubation Time:	72 h			
Result:	Arrested cells in G2/M phase in a dose-dependent manner.			
Western Blot Analysis <sup>[1]</sup>				

Cell Line:	DU145 cells
Concentration:	0.8, 1.6, 3.2 $\mu$ M
Incubation Time:	24 h
Result:	Induced histone acetylation and inhibited HDAC6 expression.

#### In Vivo

HDAC-IN-71 (100, 200 mg/kg; p.o.; daily; 40 days) inhibits tumor growth at concentrations of 100 mg/kg and 200 mg/kg, with TGI values of 50.92% and 68.00% respectively<sup>[1]</sup>.

Pharmacokinetic analysis<sup>[1]</sup>

Parameters	I.V. (2 mg/kg)	P.O. (10 mg/kg)
AUC <sub>0-∞</sub> (h ng/mL)	1633.35	3799.46
T <sub>1/2</sub> (h)	3.12	2.87
CL (L/h/kg)	1.57	
V (L/kg)	4.63	
C <sub>max</sub> (ng/mL)	851.5	774.0
F		46.52%

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Balb/c nude mice <sup>[1]</sup>
Dosage:	100, 200 mg/kg
Administration:	Oral administration; daily; 40 days
Result:	Significantly inhibited prostate cancer (PCa) tumor growth.

## REFERENCES

[1]. Jiang Q, et al. Discovery of novel itaconimide-based derivatives as potent HDAC inhibitors for the efficient treatment of prostate cancer. Eur J Med Chem. 2024 Apr 5;269:116315.

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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