**Product** Data Sheet



## **Ozarelix**

Cat. No.: HY-16375 CAS No.: 295350-45-7 Molecular Formula:  $C_{72}H_{96}CIN_{17}O_{14}$ Molecular Weight: 1459.09

Target: **GnRH Receptor; Apoptosis** Pathway: GPCR/G Protein; Apoptosis

Storage: Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of

Analysis.

## **BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY**

Description Ozarelix (D-63153) is a GnRH antagonist. Ozarelix induces cell apoptosis and arrests cell in G2/M phase. Ozarelix can be used

in the research of prostate cancer<sup>[1]</sup>.

Ozarelix (0-20 ng/mL, 72 h) inhibits PC3 and DU145 cell proliferation<sup>[1]</sup>. In Vitro

Ozarelix (0-20 ng/mL, 72 h) induces apoptosis in PC3 and DU145 cells<sup>[1]</sup>.

Ozarelix (20 ng/mL, 72 h) triggers caspase 8-dependent caspase 3 activation<sup>[1]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Cell Proliferation Assay<sup>[1]</sup>

Cell Line:	Serum-starved PC3 and DU145 cells
Concentration:	0, 5, 10, 20 ng/mL
Incubation Time:	0, 24, 48, 72, 96 h
Result:	Inhibited cell proliferation in a dose and time-dependent manner.

## Western Blot Analysis<sup>[1]</sup>

Cell Line:	PC3 and DU145 cells
Concentration:	0, 5, 10, 20 ng/mL
Incubation Time:	72 h
Result:	Increased the levels of p21 and p27 both in PC3 and DU145 cells.  Decreased levels of anti-apoptotic proteins such as Bcl2 and Bcl-Xl.  Upregulated Erk and p38MAPK activity.

## **REFERENCES**

[1]. Festuccia C, et al. Ozarelix, a fourth generation GnRH antagonist, induces apoptosis in hormone refractory androgen receptor negative prostate cancer cells modulating expression and activity of death receptors. Prostate. 2010 Sep 1;70(12):1340-9.

Page 1 of 2 www.MedChemExpress.com  $\label{lem:caution:Product} \textbf{Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.}$ 

Tel: 609-228-6898 Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA

Page 2 of 2 www.MedChemExpress.com