GW9662-d₅

Cat. No.:	HY-16578S	
CAS No.:	2117730-84-2	5
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₃ H ₄ D ₅ ClN ₂ O ₃	
Molecular Weight:	281.71	
Target:	PPAR; Isotope-Labeled Compounds	
Pathway:	Cell Cycle/DNA Damage; Vitamin D Related/Nuclear Receptor; Others	
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of	
	Analysis.	

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY		
In Vitro	Stable heavy isotopes of hydrogen, carbon, and other elements have been incorporated into drug molecules, largely as tracers for quantitation during the drug development process. Deuteration has gained attention because of its potential to affect the pharmacokinetic and metabolic profiles of drugs ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.	

REFERENCES

[1]. Russak EM, et al. Impact of Deuterium Substitution on the Pharmacokinetics of Pharmaceuticals. Ann Pharmacother. 2019;53(2):211-216.

[2]. Sato K, et al. PPARy antagonist attenuates mouse immune-mediated bone marrow failure by inhibition of T cell function. Haematologica. 2016 Jan;101(1):57-67.

[3]. Seargent JM, et al. GW9662, a potent antagonist of PPARgamma, inhibits growth of breast tumor cells and promotes the anticancer effects of the PPARgamma agonist BRL 49653, independently of PPARgamma activation. Br J Pharmacol. 2004 Dec;143(8):933-7.

[4]. Collino M, et al. The selective PPARgamma antagonist GW9662 reverses the protection of LPS in a model of renal ischemia-reperfusion. Kidney Int. 2005 Aug;68(2):529-36.

[5]. Leesnitzer LM, et al. Functional consequences of cysteine modification in the ligand binding sites of peroxisome proliferator activated receptors by GW9662. Biochemistry. 2002 May 28;41(21):6640-50.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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Product Data Sheet