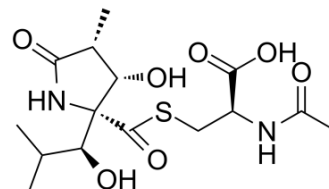


Lactacystin

Cat. No.:	HY-16594
CAS No.:	133343-34-7
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₅ H ₂₄ N ₂ O ₇ S
Molecular Weight:	376.43
Target:	Proteasome
Pathway:	Metabolic Enzyme/Protease
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Lactacystin, an antibiotic Streptomyces spp. metabolite, is a potent and selective proteasome inhibitor with an IC ₅₀ of 4.8 μM for 20S proteasome. Lactacystin also inhibits the lysosomal enzyme cathepsin A ^[1] . Lactacystin inhibits cell growth and induces neurite outgrowth ^[2] .								
IC₅₀ & Target	IC ₅₀ : 4.8 μM (proteasome) ^[1]								
In Vivo	<p>Lactacystin (microinjection; 2 μg) induces a Parkinson's disease-like motor phenotype 5-7 days after injection in young and adult mice^[2].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Animal Model:</td> <td>Male C57Bl/6RccHsd mice with 8-9 weeks (young) and 12-14 months (adult) old^[2]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>2 μg</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td> <td>Microinjection</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Induced a Parkinson's disease-like motor phenotype 5-7 days after injection in young and adult mice.</td> </tr> </table>	Animal Model:	Male C57Bl/6RccHsd mice with 8-9 weeks (young) and 12-14 months (adult) old ^[2]	Dosage:	2 μg	Administration:	Microinjection	Result:	Induced a Parkinson's disease-like motor phenotype 5-7 days after injection in young and adult mice.
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REFERENCES

- [1]. Csizmadia V, et al. Effect of proteasome inhibitors with different chemical structures on the ubiquitin-proteasomesystem in vitro. Vet Pathol. 2010 Mar;47(2):358-67.
- [2]. Savolainen MH, et al. Nigral injection of a proteasomal inhibitor, lactacystin, induces widespread glial cell activation and shows various phenotypes of Parkinson's disease in young and adult mouse. Exp Brain Res. 2017 Jul;235(7):2189-2202.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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