Screening Libraries

Proteins

Product Data Sheet

CX-6258 hydrochloride hydrate

Cat. No.: HY-18095A CAS No.: 1353858-99-7 Molecular Formula: $C_{26}H_{27}Cl_{2}N_{3}O_{4}$

Molecular Weight: 516.42 Pim Target:

Pathway: JAK/STAT Signaling

Storage: 4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture

* In solvent: -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture)

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO: 25 mg/mL (48.41 mM; Need ultrasonic)

H₂O: 7.14 mg/mL (13.83 mM; ultrasonic and warming and heat to 60°C)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	1.9364 mL	9.6820 mL	19.3641 mL
	5 mM	0.3873 mL	1.9364 mL	3.8728 mL
	10 mM	0.1936 mL	0.9682 mL	1.9364 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 20% HP-β-CD in saline Solubility: 20 mg/mL (38.73 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic and warming and heat to 48°C
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (4.84 mM); Clear solution
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (4.84 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	CX-6258 hydrochloride hydrate is a potent and kinase selective pan-Pim kinases inhibitor, with IC ₅₀ s of 5 nM, 25 nM and 16 nM for Pim-1, Pim-2 and Pim-3, respectively ^[1] .
IC ₅₀ & Target	IC50: 5 nM (Pim-1), 25 nM (Pim-2), 16 nM (Pim-3) ^[1]
In Vitro	CX-6258 causes dose dependent inhibition of the phosphorylation of two pro-survival proteins, Bad and 4E-BP1, at the Pim kinase specific sites S112 and S65 and T37/46, respectively ^[1] . CX-6258 treatment (12 mM, 3 h) treatment diminishes steady-state levels of ectopic NKX3.1 in PC3 cells ^[2] .

	MCE has not independe	CX-6258 treatment results in a significant reduction in NKX3.1 half-life ^[2] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. Western Blot Analysis ^[1]		
	Cell Line:	MV-4-11 human AML cells.		
	Concentration:	0.1 μΜ, 1 μΜ, 10 μΜ.		
	Incubation Time:	2 hours.		
	Result:	Caused dose dependent inhibition of the phosphorylation of two pro-survival proteins, Bad and 4E-BP1, at the Pim kinase specific sites S112 and S65 and T37/46, respectively.		
In Vivo	$models^{[1]}.$	CX-6258 (50-100 mg/kg; p.o; daily; over a period of 21 days) exhibits robust in vivo efficacy in two Pim kinases driven tumo models ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.		
	Animal Model:	Nude mice, MV-4-11 xenograft models ^[1]		
	Dosage:	50 mg/kg, 100 mg/kg.		
	Administration:	Oral administration; once daily; over a period of 21 days.		
	Result:	Exhibited dose dependent efficacy, with a 50 mg/kg dose producing 45% tumor growth inhibition (TGI) and a 100 mg/kg dose producing 75% TGI.		

REFERENCES

[1]. Mustapha Haddach, Jerome Michaux, Michael K, Discovery of CX-6258. A Potent, Selective, and Orally Efficacious pan-Pim Kinases Inhibitor. ACS Med. Chem. Lett., 2012, 3 (2), pp 135-139

[2]. Padmanabhan A, Gosc EB, Bieberich CJ. Stabilization of the prostate-specific tumor suppressor NKX3.1 by the oncogenic protein kinase Pim-1 in prostate cancer cells. J Cell Biochem. 2013 May;114(5):1050-7.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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