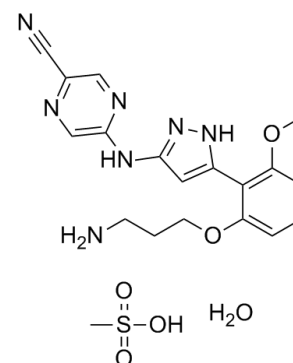


Prexasertib Mesylate Hydrate

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| Cat. No.: | HY-18174B |
| CAS No.: | 1234015-57-6 |
| Molecular Formula: | C ₁₉ H ₂₅ N ₇ O ₆ S |
| Molecular Weight: | 479.51 |
| Target: | Checkpoint Kinase (Chk) |
| Pathway: | Cell Cycle/DNA Damage |
| Storage: | Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the COA. |



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

| | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Description | Prexasertib Mesylate Hydrate (LY2606368 Mesylate Hydrate) is a potent, selective, ATP competitive CHK1 and CHK2 inhibitor, with a K_i of 0.9 nM for CHK1 and IC_{50} s of <1 nM, 8 nM for CHK1 and CHK2, respectively. Prexasertib Mesylate Hydrate inhibits HT-29 CHK1 autophosphorylation (S296) and HT-29 CHK2 autophosphorylation (S516). Prexasertib Mesylate Hydrate shows potent anti-tumor activity, significantly abrogates the G2/M checkpoint in p53 deficient HeLa cells with an EC_{50} of 9 nM ^[1] . | | |
| IC₅₀ & Target | Chk1 0.9 nM (K _i) | Chk1 <1 nM (IC ₅₀) | Chk2 8 nM (IC ₅₀) |
| In Vitro | Prexasertib Mesylate Hydrate (LY2606368 Mesylate Hydrate) is an ATP competitive CHK1 inhibitor, with a K_i of 0.9 nM and an IC_{50} of <1 nM ^[1] . Prexasertib (LY2606368) shows high anti-tumor activity against U-2 OS, Calu-6 and HeLa cells (IC_{50} , 3, 3, 37 nM, respectively), causes DNA damage during S-phase requiring CDC25A and CDK2 at 4 μ M ^[1] . Prexasertib (0-20 nM) synergizes with olaparib (0-20 μ M) to decrease cell viability in HGSOC cells ^[2] . | | |

PROTOCOL

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|------------------------------|--|
| Animal Administration | Prexasertib (1, 3.3 or 10 mg/kg s.c.) is well tolerated, and significantly inhibits tumor inhibition in mice bearing Calu-6 xenograft tumors ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. |
|------------------------------|--|

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Nat Commun. 2019 Aug 2;10(1):3485.
- Mol Cancer Res. 2019 Jul 23. pii: molcanres.0381.2019.
- Methods Mol Biol. 2018;1711:351-398.

See more customer validations on www.MedChemExpress.com

REFERENCES

- [1]. King C, et al. LY2606368 Causes Replication Catastrophe and Antitumor Effects through CHK1-Dependent Mechanisms. *Mol Cancer Ther.* 2015 Sep;14(9):2004-13.
- [2]. Brill E, et al. Prexasertib, a cell cycle checkpoint kinases 1 and 2 inhibitor, increases in vitro toxicity of PARP inhibition by preventing Rad51 foci formation in BRCA wild type high-grade serous ovarian cancer. *Oncotarget.* 2017 Oct 31;8(67):111026-111040.
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Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA