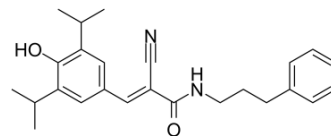


## SU1498

Cat. No.:	HY-19326		
CAS No.:	168835-82-3		
Molecular Formula:	C <sub>25</sub> H <sub>30</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>		
Molecular Weight:	390.52		
Target:	VEGFR		
Pathway:	Protein Tyrosine Kinase/RTK		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month



### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

#### In Vitro

DMSO : 100 mg/mL (256.07 mM; Need ultrasonic)  
 H<sub>2</sub>O : < 0.1 mg/mL (insoluble)

Concentration	Mass		
	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
1 mM	2.5607 mL	12.8034 mL	25.6069 mL
5 mM	0.5121 mL	2.5607 mL	5.1214 mL
10 mM	0.2561 mL	1.2803 mL	2.5607 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

#### In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline  
 Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.40 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)  
 Solubility: 2.5 mg/mL (6.40 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

#### Description

SU1498 (AG 1498) is a selective inhibitor of the VEGFR2; inhibits Flk-1 with an IC<sub>50</sub> of value of 700 nM<sup>[1]</sup>.

#### IC<sub>50</sub> & Target

Flk-1  
 700 nM (IC<sub>50</sub>)

#### In Vitro

SU1498 stimulates accumulation of phosphorylated ERKs in human umbilical vein endothelial cells and in human aortic endothelial cells in a manner that is dependent on the functioning of the upstream components of the MAPK pathway, B-Raf, and MEK kinases. The enhanced accumulation of phospho-ERKs is observed only in cells that have been stimulated with sphingosine 1-phosphate or protein growth factors; SU1498 by itself is ineffective<sup>[2]</sup>. SU1498 blocks signal transduction from

VEGFR2 in MS1 VEGF cells. In the presence of SU1498, levels of Ets-1 are decreased, suggesting that VEGF-VEGFR-2 interactions contributed to baseline levels of Ets-1 expression, and interruption of this autocrine interaction with SU1498 led to decreased expression of Ets-1<sup>[3]</sup>. SU1498 treatment significantly impacts U87 cell proliferation and apoptosis. SU1498 induces a marked increase in lipids and a decrease in glycerophosphocholine. Accordingly, accumulation of lipid droplets is seen in the cytoplasm of SU1498-treated U87 cells<sup>[4]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

## PROTOCOL

### Kinase Assay <sup>[2]</sup>

The ERK1 or ERK2 solution is pipetted into tubes (1  $\mu$ L per tube) and mixed with 0-10  $\mu$ L of 50  $\mu$ M SU1498 (in kinase buffer without ATP). The blank tube receives buffer only. The volume is adjusted to 11  $\mu$ L with the same buffer, and the mixtures are incubated for 10 min at 25°C. This is followed by the addition of 40  $\mu$ L of the Elk1-ATP-buffer solution, and the incubations are continued for 30 min at 30°C. The reactions are stopped with 20  $\mu$ L of 4 $\times$  sample buffer mix and heating at 95°C for 10 min. Samples (15  $\mu$ L) are fractionated by SDS-PAGE, and phosphorylated Elk1 is detected by immunoblotting with anti-phospho-Elk1 antibody<sup>[2]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

### Cell Assay <sup>[4]</sup>

For cell proliferation assay, U87 cells are seeded in 24-well plates (30,000 cells/well) and allowed to attach overnight. Cells are then treated for 24 or 72 h with different concentrations of Bevacizumab (from 10 ng/mL to 250  $\mu$ g/mL) or SU1498 (from 1  $\mu$ M to 30  $\mu$ M) in triplicate wells. The cell viability is then assessed with the MTT assay<sup>[4]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

## CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Phytomedicine. 2020, 153300.

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## REFERENCES

[1]. Strawn LM, et al. Flk-1 as a target for tumor growth inhibition. *Cancer Res.* 1996 Aug 15;56(15):3540-5.

[2]. Boguslawski G, et al. SU1498, an inhibitor of vascular endothelial growth factor receptor 2, causes accumulation of phosphorylated ERK kinases and inhibits their activity in vivo and in vitro. *J Biol Chem.* 2004 Feb 13;279(7):5716-24.

[3]. Arbiser JL, et al. Overexpression of VEGF 121 in immortalized endothelial cells causes conversion to slowly growing angiosarcoma and high level expression of the VEGF receptors VEGFR-1 and VEGFR-2 in vivo. *Am J Pathol.* 2000 Apr;156(4):1469-76.

[4]. Mesti T, et al. Metabolic impact of anti-angiogenic agents on U87 glioma cells. *PLoS One.* 2014 Jun 12;9(6):e99198.

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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