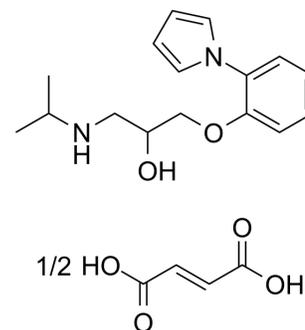


## Isamoltane hemifumarate

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-19578B
<b>CAS No.:</b>	874882-92-5
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>22</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> ·1/2C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>4</sub> O <sub>4</sub>
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	332.4
<b>Target:</b>	5-HT Receptor; Adrenergic Receptor
<b>Pathway:</b>	GPCR/G Protein; Neuronal Signaling
<b>Storage:</b>	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

<b>Description</b>	Isamoltane hemifumarate is a selective antagonist of 5-HT <sub>1B</sub> receptor, with an IC <sub>50</sub> of 39 nM for inhibits the binding of [ <sup>125</sup> I]ICYP to 5-HT <sub>1B</sub> recognition sites in rat brain membranes. Isamoltane hemifumarate is also a β-adrenoceptor ligand, with an IC <sub>50</sub> of 8.4 nM. Isamoltane hemifumarate shows anxiolytic activity <sup>[1]</sup> .	
<b>IC<sub>50</sub> &amp; Target</b>	β-adrenoceptor 8.4 nM (IC <sub>50</sub> )	5-HT <sub>1B</sub> Receptor 39 nM (IC <sub>50</sub> )
<b>In Vitro</b>	Isamoltane exhibits 27-fold selectivity for the 5-HT <sub>1B</sub> receptor over 5-HT <sub>1A</sub> (IC <sub>50</sub> =1070 nM) in rat brain membranes <sup>[1]</sup> . Isamoltane (0.01-10 μM) increases the [ <sup>3</sup> H]-overflow elicited by electrical stimulation in a concentration-dependent manner in rat cortical slices <sup>[1]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.	
<b>In Vivo</b>	Isamoltane (0.3-30 mg/kg; i.p) does not alter the accumulation of 5-HTP in the rat hippocampus, and increases 5-HT synthesis in cortical tissue. Isamoltane reduces 5-HTP accumulation in the striatum <sup>[1]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.	
	<b>Animal Model:</b>	Male Sprague-Dawley rats (200-300 g) <sup>[1]</sup>
	<b>Dosage:</b>	0.3, 1, 3, 10, 30 mg/kg
	<b>Administration:</b>	i.p.
	<b>Result:</b>	38% reduction of 5-HTP accumulation was found with 30 mg/ kg in the striatum. Did not alter the accumulation of 5-HTP in the hippocampus. Increased 5-HT synthesis at 0.3, 1 and 3 mg/kg in cortical tissue.

### REFERENCES

[1]. Waldmeier PC, et, al. Interactions of isamoltane (CGP 361A), an anxiolytic phenoxypropanolamine derivative, with 5-HT1 receptor subtypes in the rat brain. Naunyn Schmiedebergs Arch Pharmacol. 1988 Jun; 337(6): 609-20.

[2]. Rényi L, et, al. Biochemical and behavioural effects of isamoltane, a beta-adrenoceptor antagonist with affinity for the 5-HT1B receptor of rat brain. Naunyn

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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