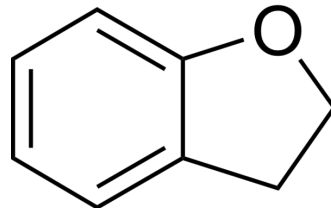


Coumaran

Cat. No.:	HY-75247		
CAS No.:	496-16-2		
Molecular Formula:	C ₈ H ₈ O		
Molecular Weight:	120.15		
Target:	Cholinesterase (ChE); Endogenous Metabolite; Parasite		
Pathway:	Neuronal Signaling; Metabolic Enzyme/Protease; Anti-infection		
Storage:	Pure form	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

H₂O : 150 mg/mL (1248.44 mM; Need ultrasonic)
 DMSO : 150 mg/mL (1248.44 mM; Need ultrasonic)

	Solvent Concentration	Mass		
		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	8.3229 mL	41.6146 mL	83.2293 mL
	5 mM	1.6646 mL	8.3229 mL	16.6459 mL
	10 mM	0.8323 mL	4.1615 mL	8.3229 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: PBS
Solubility: 100 mg/mL (832.29 mM); Clear solution; Need ultrasonic
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline
Solubility: ≥ 3.75 mg/mL (31.21 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)
Solubility: ≥ 3.75 mg/mL (31.21 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil
Solubility: ≥ 3.75 mg/mL (31.21 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

Coumaran (2,3-Dihydrobenzofuran) is an AChE inhibitor with antileishmanial activity. Coumaran may acquire antiparasitic capabilities through activation of macrophages and exert immunomodulatory activity. Coumaran can be used as a biopesticide.^[2]

IC₅₀ & Target	AChE								
In Vitro	<p>Coumaran is active against promastigote (IC₅₀=1.042 μM) and amastigote (IC₅₀=1.43 μM) forms, demonstrating potent antileishmanial activity [2].</p> <p>Coumaran (0.5-13 μM; 48 h) Not significantly cytotoxic to macrophages or erythrocytes [2].</p> <p>Coumaran (0.5-13 μM; 24 h) increases phagocyte and lysosomal activity and nitrite (NO₂-) level [2].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <p>Cell Viability Assay^[2]</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cell Line:</td> <td>Promastigotes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concentration:</td> <td>0.4, 0.8 and 1.6 μM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Incubation Time:</td> <td>48 h</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Demonstrated a concentration-dependent reduction in infection of macrophages by 7.0, 22.0 and 33.34% for 0.4, 0.8 and 1.6 μM, respectively.</td> </tr> </table>	Cell Line:	Promastigotes	Concentration:	0.4, 0.8 and 1.6 μM	Incubation Time:	48 h	Result:	Demonstrated a concentration-dependent reduction in infection of macrophages by 7.0, 22.0 and 33.34% for 0.4, 0.8 and 1.6 μM, respectively.
Cell Line:	Promastigotes								
Concentration:	0.4, 0.8 and 1.6 μM								
Incubation Time:	48 h								
Result:	Demonstrated a concentration-dependent reduction in infection of macrophages by 7.0, 22.0 and 33.34% for 0.4, 0.8 and 1.6 μM, respectively.								

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- bioRxiv. 2023 Jun 3.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Yallappa Rajashekar, et al. Acetylcholinesterase Inhibition by Biofumigant (Coumaran) From Leaves of Lantana Camara in Stored Grain and Household Insect Pests. Biomed Res Int. 2014;2014:187019.

[2]. de Castro Oliveira LG, et al. In Vitro Effects of the Neolignan 2,3-Dihydrobenzofuran Against Leishmania Amazonensis. Basic Clin Pharmacol Toxicol. 2017 Jan;120(1):52-58.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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