**Proteins** 

## **Product** Data Sheet

## **Buclizine**

Cat. No.: HY-A0128 CAS No.: 82-95-1 Molecular Formula:  $C_{28}H_{33}CIN_{2}$ Molecular Weight: 433.03

Target: **Histamine Receptor** 

Pathway: GPCR/G Protein; Immunology/Inflammation; Neuronal Signaling

Storage: Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of

Analysis.

## **BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY**

Description

Buclizine is an orally active antihistamine antiallergic compound. Buclizine is a potent teratogen in the rat and shows antitumor activity[1][2][3].

In Vitro

Buclizine (0.1-100  $\mu$ M; 72 h) inhibits growth of MCF-7 cells<sup>[2]</sup>.

Buclizine (9.625-77  $\mu$ M; 72 h) arrests the cell cycle in the G1 phase in a dose-dependent manner [2].

Buclizine (0-75  $\mu$ M; 72 h) decreases TCTP (translationally controlled tumor protein) and cell cycle regulatory proteins expression in MCF-7 cells, increases pro-apoptotic MCL-1S expression<sup>[2]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Cell Proliferation Assav<sup>[2]</sup>

Cell Proliferation Assayl	4)		
Cell Line:	MCF-7 cells		
Concentration:	0-100 μΜ		
Incubation Time:	72 hours		
Result:	Showed considerable growth inhibition (IC $_{50}\!=\!19.18~\mu\text{M}$ ).		
Cell Cycle Analysis <sup>[2]</sup>			
Cell Line:	MCF-7 cells		
Concentration:	9.625, 19.25, 38.5, and 77 μM		
Incubation Time:	72 hours		
Result:	Increased the percentages of cells in the G1 phase to 73% at 77 $\mu\text{M}.$		
Western Blot Analysis <sup>[2]</sup>			
Cell Line:	MCF-7 cells		
Concentration:	0-75 μΜ		
Incubation Time:	72 hours		

	Result:	Decreased TCTP expression by 40% at 75 μM. Decreased cyclin D1, cyclin D3, CDK2 and CDK4 expression after 72 h.
In Vivo	teratogens in the rat <sup>[3]</sup> .	e (30-200 mg/kg; tenth to fifteenth and twelfth to fifteenth days of gestation) shows potent atly confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.
	Animal Model:	Eighty-seven mature female rats weighing 240±20 grams <sup>[3]</sup>
	Dosage:	30, 40, 60, 100, and 200 mg/kg
	Administration:	30-200 mg/kg; tenth to fifteenth and twelfth to fifteenth days of gestation
	Result:	Resulted in malformations in 100% of the young at a dose level of 60-100 mg/kg.

## **REFERENCES**

- [1]. Gamal A E Mostafa, et al. Buclizine. Profiles Drug Subst Excip Relat Methodol. 2011;36:1-33.
- [2]. Ean-Jeong Seo, et al. Interaction of antihistaminic drugs with human translationally controlled tumor protein (TCTP) as novel approach for differentiation therapy. Oncotarget. 2016 Mar 29;7(13):16818-39.
- [3]. C T King, et al. Teratogenic effect of buclizine and hydroxyzine in the rat and chlorcyclizine in the mouse. Am J Obstet Gynecol. 1966 May 1;95(1):109-11.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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