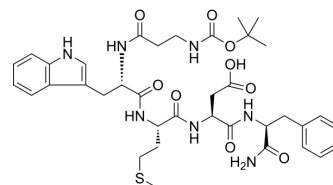


Pentagastrin

Cat. No.:	HY-A0261
CAS No.:	5534-95-2
Molecular Formula:	C ₃₇ H ₄₉ N ₇ O ₉ S
Molecular Weight:	767.89
Target:	Cholecystokinin Receptor
Pathway:	GPCR/G Protein; Neuronal Signaling
Storage:	Sealed storage, away from moisture and light
	Powder -80°C 2 years
	-20°C 1 year



* In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture and light)

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 125 mg/mL (162.78 mM; Need ultrasonic)				
	H ₂ O : < 0.1 mg/mL (ultrasonic) (insoluble)				
		Solvent Concentration	Mass		
	Preparing Stock Solutions		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
		1 mM	1.3023 mL	6.5113 mL	13.0227 mL
5 mM		0.2605 mL	1.3023 mL	2.6045 mL	
	10 mM	0.1302 mL	0.6511 mL	1.3023 mL	
Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.					
In Vivo	1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: 10 mg/mL (13.02 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic				
	2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (2.71 mM); Clear solution				

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Pentagastrin (ICI-50123) is a potent, selective Cholecystokinin B (CCK _B) receptor antagonists with IC ₅₀ values of 11 nM and 1100 nM for CCK _B and CCK _A , respectively. Pentagastrin enhances gastric mucosal defense mechanisms against acid and protects the gastric mucosa from experimental injury ^{[1],[2]} .
IC ₅₀ & Target	CCKBR
In Vitro	Pentagastrin (ICI-50123) (0.1-100 μM; GH ₃ -cells) increases intracellular Ca ²⁺ in a dose-dependent manner with a maximal increase of 2.77-fold ^[1] .

?Pentagastrin (ICI-50123) (0.1-100 μ M; GH₃-cells) binds dose dependently to GH3 cells^[1].
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

In Vivo

Pentagastrin (ICI-50123) (80 μ g/kg/h; i.v.; male Sprague-Dawley rats) protects rat gastric mucosa from acidified aspirin injury [2].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Male Sprague-Dawley rats (approximately 200 g) ^[2]
Dosage:	80 μ g/kg/h
Administration:	Intravenous injection
Result:	Protected rat gastric mucosa from acidified aspirin injury. Induced a hyperaemic response to luminal acid challenge, increased mucus gel thickness, and elevated pH _i during acid challenge.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Front Mol Biosci. 2021 May 17;8:661424.

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REFERENCES

- [1]. Smith AJ, et al. Characterisation of CCKB receptors on GH3 pituitary cells: receptor activation is linked to Ca²⁺ mobilisation. Eur J Pharmacol. 1994 Apr 15;267(2):215-23.
- [2]. Tanaka S, et al. Pentagastrin gastroprotection against acid is related to H₂ receptor activation but not acid secretion. Gut. 1998 Sep;43(3):334-41.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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