Acetylcholine-d₁₆ bromide

MedChemExpress

| Cat. No.: CAS No.: Molecular Formula: Molecular Weight: Target: Pathway: | HY-B0282AS3 347841-43-4 C ₇ D ₁₆ BrNO ₂ 242.21 nAChR; Calcium Channel; Endogenous Metabolite; Isotope-Labeled Compounds Membrane Transporter/Ion Channel; Neuronal Signaling; Metabolic Enzyme/Protease; Others | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ |
|---|--|--|
| Storage: | 4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture * In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture) | |

| BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY | | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Description | Acetylcholine-d ₁₆ (bromide) is the deuterium labeled Acetylcholine bromide[1]. | |
| In Vitro | Stable heavy isotopes of hydrogen, carbon, and other elements have been incorporated into drug molecules, largely as tracers for quantitation during the drug development process. Deuteration has gained attention because of its potential to affect the pharmacokinetic and metabolic profiles of drugs ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. | |

REFERENCES

[1]. Russak EM, et al. Impact of Deuterium Substitution on the Pharmacokinetics of Pharmaceuticals. Ann Pharmacother. 2019;53(2):211-216.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Product Data Sheet

Tel: 609-228-6898 Fax: 609-228-5909