## Chlorpheniramine

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Cat. No.:	HY-B0286	
CAS No.:	132-22-9	
Molecular Formula:	C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>19</sub> CIN <sub>2</sub>	K N
Molecular Weight:	274.79	Ť
Target:	Histamine Receptor	
Pathway:	GPCR/G Protein; Immunology/Inflammation; Neuronal Signaling	
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.	~

Product Data Sheet

Description	Chlorpheniramine is a H1 antihistamines commonly used in allergic diseases research <sup>[1][2]</sup> .		
IC <sub>50</sub> & Target	IC50: 43µM in BV2 microglial cells		
In Vitro	Chlorpheniramine shows antimalarial activity against P. falciparum (IC <sub>50</sub> : 61.2 and 3.9 μM for D6 and Dd2 strain) <sup>[4]</sup> . Chlorpheniramine reduces the proton currents (IC <sub>50</sub> : 43 μM) in BV2 microglial cells <sup>[1]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. Cell Viability Assay		
	Cell Line:	Murine microglial BV2 cells <sup>[1]</sup> .	
	Concentration:	100 μΜ	
	Incubation Time:	5 min	
	Result:	Inhibited proton currents with moderate potency.	
In Vivo	Chloropheniramine (50, 100 and 200 µg/kg; IM; 3 times, at intervals of 1 week) enhances white blood cells in the peripheral blood <sup>[2]</sup> . Chlorpheniramine (10 mg/kg, p.o) inhibits scratching in Ovalbumin (HY-W250978)-challenged BALB/c mice <sup>[3]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.		
	Animal Model:	Sprague-Dawley (SD) rats <sup>[2]</sup> .	
	Dosage:	50, 100 and 200 μg/kg	
	Administration:	Chlorpheniramine (50, 100 and 200 $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg};$ IM; 3 times, at intervals of 1 week)	
	Result:	Enhanced white blood cells in the peripheral blood, mostly due to the increases of B cells and monocytes, but not T cells and NK cells.	

## **CUSTOMER VALIDATION**

- Chemosphere. 2019 Jun;225:378-387.
- J Pharm Sci. 2019 Sep;108(9):2895-2904.

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## REFERENCES

[1]. Jiwon Kim, etal. Inhibitory effects of antihistamines, diphenhydramine and chlorpheniramine, on proton currents in BV2 microglial cells. Eur J Pharmacol. 2017 Mar 5;798:122-128.

[2]. Kyung-Jin Jung, etal. Enhancement of B cell and monocyte populations in rats exposed to chlorpheniramine. Arch Pharm Res. 2012 Dec;35(12):2183-9.

[3]. Takano, N., I. Arai, and M. Kurachi, Analysis of the spontaneous scratching behavior by NC/Nga mice: a possible approach to evaluate antipruritics for subjects with atopic dermatitis. Eur J Pharmacol, 2003. 471(3): p. 223-8.

[4]. Kelly, J.X., et al., Design, synthesis, and evaluation of 10-N-substituted acridones as novel chemosensitizers in Plasmodium falciparum. Antimicrob Agents Chemother, 2007. 51(11): p. 4133-40.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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