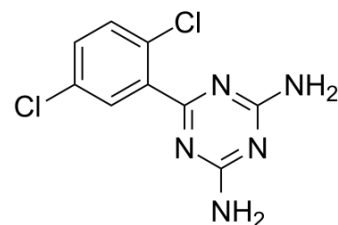


## Irsogladine

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-B0327		
<b>CAS No.:</b>	57381-26-7		
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>9</sub> H <sub>7</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> N <sub>5</sub>		
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	256.09		
<b>Target:</b>	mAChR; Phosphodiesterase (PDE)		
<b>Pathway:</b>	GPCR/G Protein; Neuronal Signaling; Metabolic Enzyme/Protease		
<b>Storage:</b>	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month



### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

#### In Vitro

DMSO : 120 mg/mL (468.59 mM; Need ultrasonic)  
 H<sub>2</sub>O : < 0.1 mg/mL (insoluble)

Concentration	Mass		
	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
1 mM	3.9049 mL	19.5244 mL	39.0488 mL
5 mM	0.7810 mL	3.9049 mL	7.8098 mL
10 mM	0.3905 mL	1.9524 mL	3.9049 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

#### In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline  
 Solubility: 3 mg/mL (11.71 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil  
 Solubility: ≥ 3 mg/mL (11.71 mM); Clear solution

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

#### Description

Irsogladine is a PDE4 inhibitor and muscarinic acetylcholine receptor binder. Target: PDE4; mAChR. Irsogladine treatment (300 and 500 mg/kg/day) resulted in a dose-dependent reduction of angiogenesis in wild-type mice by 21 and 45.3% (P < 0.02, P < 0.001), in tPA-deficient mice by 42.6 and 46% (P < 0.001, P < 0.001), and in uPA-deficient mice by 27.2 and 46% (P < 0.05, p < 0.001), respectively. Irsogladine inhibits bFGF-induced angiogenesis in wild-type, tPA-knockout, and uPA-knockout mice [1]. Irsogladine up-regulates GJIC between PC cells via regulation of the PKA pathway. It also suggests a useful adjuvant of Irsogladine to pancreatic cancer therapy [2]. Irsogladine produces the increase of intracellular cAMP content via non-selective inhibition of PDE isozymes, which may be a key mechanism involved in its gastroprotective actions [3].

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## CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Cryst Growth Des. 2016, 16 (12):6714-6718.

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## REFERENCES

- [1]. Ren, C.J., et al., Irsogladine maleate inhibits angiogenesis in wild-type and plasminogen activator-deficient mice. *J Surg Res*, 1998. 77(2): p. 126-31.
- [2]. Kawasaki, Y., et al., Irsogladine malate up-regulates gap junctional intercellular communication between pancreatic cancer cells via PKA pathway. *Pancreas*, 2002. 25(4): p. 373-7.
- [3]. Kyoj, T., et al., Phosphodiesterase inhibition by a gastroprotective agent irsogladine: preferential blockade of cAMP hydrolysis. *Life Sci*, 2004. 75(15): p. 1833-42.
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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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