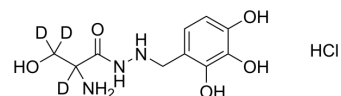


## Benserazide-d3 hydrochloride

Cat. No.:	HY-B0404AS
Molecular Formula:	C <sub>10</sub> H <sub>13</sub> D <sub>3</sub> ClN <sub>3</sub> O <sub>5</sub>
Molecular Weight:	296.72
Target:	Isotope-Labeled Compounds
Pathway:	Others
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Benserazide-d3 hydrochloride (Serazide-d3) is the deuterium labeled Benserazide hydrochloride. Benserazide hydrochloride (Serazide) is commonly used in Parkinson's disease and is an inhibitor of peripheral aromatic L-amino acid decarboxylase (AADC) <sup>[1]</sup> .
In Vitro	Stable heavy isotopes of hydrogen, carbon, and other elements have been incorporated into drug molecules, largely as tracers for quantitation during the drug development process. Deuteration has gained attention because of its potential to affect the pharmacokinetic and metabolic profiles of drugs <sup>[1]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

### REFERENCES

- [1]. Russak EM, et al. Impact of Deuterium Substitution on the Pharmacokinetics of Pharmaceuticals. *Ann Pharmacother*. 2019;53(2):211-216.
- [2]. Shen H, et al. Effects of benserazide on L-DOPA-derived extracellular dopamine levels and aromatic L-amino acid decarboxylase activity in the striatum of 6-hydroxydopamine-lesioned rats. *Tohoku J Exp Med*. 2003 Mar;199(3):149-59.
- [3]. Chandel TI, et al. A multiparametric analysis of the synergistic impact of anti-Parkinson's drugs on the fibrillation of human serum albumin. *Biochim Biophys Acta Proteins Proteom*. 2019 Mar;1867(3):275-285.

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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