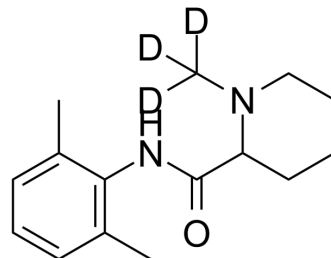


Mepivacaine-d3

Cat. No.:	HY-B0517S		
CAS No.:	1346597-90-7		
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₅ H ₁₉ D ₃ N ₂ O		
Molecular Weight:	249.37		
Target:	Sodium Channel		
Pathway:	Membrane Transporter/Ion Channel		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Mepivacaine-d ₃ is the deuterium labeled Mepivacaine. Mepivacaine is an amide-type local anesthetic agent. Mepivacaine binds to specific voltage-gated sodium ion channels in neuronal cell membranes, which inhibits both sodium influx and membrane depolarization[1][2].
In Vitro	Stable heavy isotopes of hydrogen, carbon, and other elements have been incorporated into drug molecules, largely as tracers for quantitation during the drug development process. Deuteration has gained attention because of its potential to affect the pharmacokinetic and metabolic profiles of drugs ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

REFERENCES

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- [2]. Froehle M, et al. ECMO for Cardiac Rescue after Accidental Intravenous Mepivacaine Application. *Case Rep Pediatr.* 2012;2012:491692.
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- [4]. Burm, A.G., et al., Pharmacokinetics of the enantiomers of mepivacaine after intravenous administration of the racemate in volunteers. *Anesth Analg.* 1997. 84(1): p. 85-9.
- [5]. Leffler, A., J. Reckzeh, and C. Nau, Block of sensory neuronal Na⁺ channels by the secretolytic ambroxol is associated with an interaction with local anesthetic binding sites. *Eur J Pharmacol.* 2010. 630(1-3): p. 19-28.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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