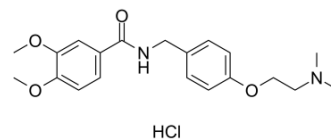


Itopride hydrochloride

Cat. No.:	HY-B0732		
CAS No.:	122892-31-3		
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₀ H ₂₇ ClN ₂ O ₄		
Molecular Weight:	394.89		
Target:	AChE; Dopamine Receptor		
Pathway:	Neuronal Signaling; GPCR/G Protein		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 100 mg/mL (253.24 mM; Need ultrasonic)				
		Solvent Concentration	Mass 1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	2.5324 mL	12.6618 mL	25.3235 mL
		5 mM	0.5065 mL	2.5324 mL	5.0647 mL
10 mM		0.2532 mL	1.2662 mL	2.5324 mL	
Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.					
In Vivo	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.33 mM); Clear solution Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.33 mM); Clear solution Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.33 mM); Clear solution 				

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Itopride hydrochloride (HSR803), a gastroprokinetic Benzamide (HY-Z0283) derivative, is an inhibitor of acetylcholinesterase (AChE) and dopamine D2 receptor ^{[1][2]} .
IC₅₀ & Target	AChE, D2DR ^[1]
In Vitro	Itopride hydrochloride has prokinetic effects on both the ileum and colon, which are regulated through inhibitory effects on AChE and antagonistic effects on dopamine D2 receptor ^[1] .

Itopride hydrochloride (0.1 nM-1 μ M) significantly accelerates the propagation velocity of the peristalsis in ex guinea pig ileum [1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

In Vivo

Itopride hydrochloride (30 mg/kg; p.o.) significantly accelerates gastric emptying compared with the vehicle group^[2].

Itopride hydrochloride (30 mg/kg; p.o.) displays C_{max} of 358 %, $T_{1/2}$ of 24.9 min^[2].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Male ddY-strain mice (23.7-28.5 g) ^[2]
Dosage:	3 mg/kg, 10 mg/kg, 30 mg/kg
Administration:	Oral administration
Result:	Accelerated gastric emptying at 30 mg/kg dose.

Animal Model:	Male ddY-strain mice (23.7-28.5 g) ^[2]
Dosage:	3 mg/kg, 10 mg/kg, 30 mg/kg (Pharmacokinetic Analysis)
Administration:	Oral administration
Result:	C_{max} (358 %), $T_{1/2}$ (24.9 min) at 30 mg/kg dose.

REFERENCES

[1]. Hyun Chul Lim, et al. Effect of Itopride Hydrochloride on the Ileal and Colonic Motility in Guinea Pig In Vitro. Effect of Itopride Hydrochloride on the Ileal and Colonic Motility in Guinea Pig In Vitro. Yonsei Med J. 2008 Jun 30;49(3):472-8.

[2]. Kenjiro Matsumoto, et al. Validation of 13 C-Acetic Acid Breath Test by Measuring Effects of Loperamide, Morphine, Mosapride, and Itopride on Gastric Emptying in Mice. Biol Pharm Bull. 2008 Oct;31(10):1917-22.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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