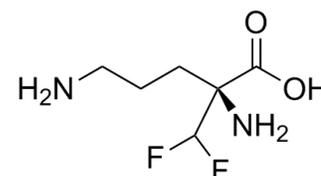


L-Eflornithine

| | |
|--------------------|---|
| Cat. No.: | HY-B0744C |
| CAS No.: | 66640-93-5 |
| Molecular Formula: | C ₆ H ₁₂ F ₂ N ₂ O ₂ |
| Molecular Weight: | 182.17 |
| Target: | Others |
| Pathway: | Others |
| Storage: | Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the COA. |



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Description | L-Eflornithine (L-DFMO) is an enantiomer of Eflornithine. L-Eflornithine is an irreversible ornithine decarboxylase (ODC) inhibitor with a K_D of $1.3 \pm 0.3 \mu\text{M}$, and a K_{inact} of $0.15 \pm 0.03 \text{ min}^{-1}$ [1]. |
| IC₅₀ & Target | KD: $1.3 \pm 0.3 \mu\text{M}$ (Ornithine decarboxylase, ODC)[1] |
| In Vitro | Eflornithine (D/L-DFMO) is an inhibitor of ODC, the first enzyme in eukaryotic polyamine biosynthesis. Both enantiomers of Eflornithine (DFMO) irreversibly inactivate ODC. Both Eflornithine enantiomers (L-Eflornithine and D-Eflornithine) suppress ODC activity in a time- and concentration-dependent manner. The inhibitor dissociation constant (K_D) values for the formation of enzyme-inhibitor complexes are 28.3 ± 3.4 , 1.3 ± 0.3 and $2.2 \pm 0.4 \mu\text{M}$ respectively for D-Eflornithine, L-Eflornithine and Eflornithine. The inhibitor inactivation constants (K_{inact}) for the irreversible step were 0.25 ± 0.03 , 0.15 ± 0.03 and $0.15 \pm 0.03 \text{ min}^{-1}$ respectively for D-Eflornithine, L-Eflornithine and Eflornithine. Treatment of human colon tumour-derived HCT116 cells with either L-Eflornithine or D-Eflornithine decreases the cellular polyamine contents in a concentration-dependent manner[1]. The enantiomers display different potencies in vitro, with the L-enantiomer having up to a 20-fold higher affinity for the target enzyme ornithine decarboxylase[2]. The L-Eflornithine also appears to be more potent in cultured <i>T.brucei</i> gambiense parasites[2]. |
| In Vivo | The more potent L-Eflornithine is present at much lower concentrations in both plasma and cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) than those of the D-Eflornithine. The plasma concentrations of L-Eflornithine are on average 52% of the D-enantiomer concentrations. The typical oral clearances of L-Eflornithine and D-eflornithine are 17.4 and 8.23 liters/h, respectively[2]. |

REFERENCES

- [1]. Qu N, et al. Inhibition of human ornithine decarboxylase activity by enantiomers of difluoromethylornithine. *Biochem J.* 2003 Oct 15;375(Pt 2):465-70.
- [2]. Jansson-Löfmark R, et al. Enantiospecific reassessment of the pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of oral eflornithine against late-stage *Trypanosoma brucei gambiense* sleeping sickness. *Antimicrob Agents Chemother.* 2015 Feb;59(2):1299-307.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA