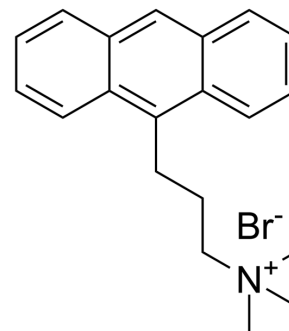


## APTAB

|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| <b>Cat. No.:</b>          | HY-D1663  |
| <b>CAS No.:</b>           | 86727-71-1  |
| <b>Molecular Formula:</b> | C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>24</sub> BrN   |
| <b>Molecular Weight:</b>  | 358.32  |
| <b>Target:</b>            | Others  |
| <b>Pathway:</b>           | Others  |
| <b>Storage:</b>           | Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis. |



## BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| <b>Description</b> | APTAB is a fluorescent cationic membrane probe. APTAB locates the anthracene-labeled molecules incorporated into model membranes by fluorescence quenching <sup>[1]</sup> .  |
| <b>In Vitro</b>    | <p>Guidelines (Following is our recommended protocol. This protocol only provides a guideline, and should be modified according to your specific needs).</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Prepare APTAB in water with a concentration of 50 μM.</li> <li>2. Mix APTAB with sample in a 10 mL volumetric flask, and then sonication for 5 min.</li> <li>3. Store sample in dark for 1 day.</li> <li>4. Measure resorufin fluorescence<sup>[1]</sup>.</li> </ol> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> |

## REFERENCES

[1]. Kuan Gong, et al. RETURN TO ISSUEPREVARTICLENEXT Photoinduced Electron Transfer from 3-(9-Anthracene)propyltrimethyl Ammonium Bromide and Pyrene to Methyl viologen on the Surface of Polystyrene Latex Particles. 2000.

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA