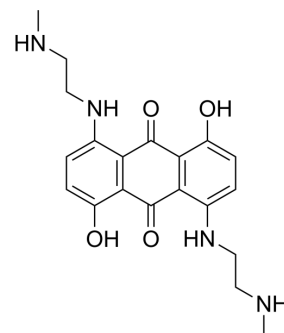


## DRAQ5

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-D1742
<b>CAS No.:</b>	254098-36-7
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>24</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O <sub>4</sub>
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	384.43
<b>Target:</b>	Fluorescent Dye; DNA Stain
<b>Pathway:</b>	Others; Cell Cycle/DNA Damage
<b>Storage:</b>	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



## BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

<b>Description</b>	DRAQ5 is a novel cell permeant and far red-fluorescing DNA probe. DRAQ5 excites at a wavelength of 647 nm, close to the Ex, and produces a fluorescence spectrum extending from 665 nm out to beyond 780 nm wavelengths. DRAQ5 fluorescence reflects cellular DNA content. DRAQ5 can be used in combination with FITC and RPE-labelled antibodies, without the need for fluorescence compensation <sup>[1]</sup> .
<b>In Vitro</b>	<p>Mammalian cell in full culture medium staining methods<sup>[2]</sup>:</p> <p>(1) Cell planking: Digestive separation of cells and resuspend in complete medium to a concentration of 2-4 × 10<sup>5</sup> cells/ml. Note: Attached cell cultures (e.g., coverslip cultures or chambered wells) can be stained in a 1-2-ml staining volume overlayering a 4-cm<sup>2</sup> surface area.</p> <p>(2) Prepare staining solution: Add 4 µl of 5 mM DRAQ5 acidified stock per ml culture medium (20 µM final). Note: Nuclear discrimination is achievable at 2.5 to 5 µM, and it is unlikely that concentrations &gt;30 µM would be required.</p> <p>(3) Fluorescence staining: Incubate 5 to 15 min at 37°C. Note: Overstaining cannot occur.</p> <p>(4) Wash (optional): Centrifuge cells 3 to 5 min at 800 × g, 37°C. Discard supernatant and resuspend in complete medium with 10 mM HEPES (HY-D0857) at 4 × 10<sup>5</sup> cells/ml.</p> <p>(5) For flow cytometry: Use conventional pulse analysis for doublet discrimination and analyze parameters using appropriate software.</p> <p>(6) For laser scanning microscopy: Collect fluorescence images using a 695 nm long-pass filter.</p> <p>Fixed cells staining methods<sup>[2]</sup>:</p> <p>(1) Fixed cells: Use 4% paraformaldehyde in PBS for 30 min with resuspension in an aqueous buffer (e.g., PBS).</p> <p>(2) Fluorescence staining: similar concentrations of dye and similar incubation conditions can be used as for live cells.</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>

## REFERENCES

[1]. Smith PJ, et al. A novel cell permeant and far red-fluorescing DNA probe, DRAQ5, for blood cell discrimination by flow cytometry. J Immunol Methods. 1999 Oct 29;229(1-2):131-9.

[2]. Smith PJ, et al. DRAQ5 labeling of nuclear DNA in live and fixed cells. Curr Protoc Cytom. 2004 May;Chapter 7:Unit 7.25.

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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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