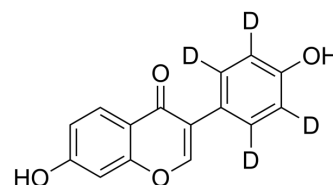


Daidzein-d₄

Cat. No.:	HY-N0019S
CAS No.:	1219803-57-2
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₅ H ₆ D ₄ O ₄
Molecular Weight:	258.26
Target:	PPAR; Endogenous Metabolite
Pathway:	Cell Cycle/DNA Damage; Vitamin D Related/Nuclear Receptor; Metabolic Enzyme/Protease
Storage:	<div> <div>Powder</div> <div> <div>-20°C</div> <div>3 years</div> </div> </div> <div> <div>4°C</div> <div>2 years</div> </div> <div> <div>In solvent</div> <div> <div>-80°C</div> <div>6 months</div> </div> </div> <div> <div>-20°C</div> <div>1 month</div> </div>



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Daidzein-d ₄ is the deuterium labeled Daidzein. Daidzein is a soy isoflavone, which acts as a PPAR activator.
In Vitro	<p>Stable heavy isotopes of hydrogen, carbon, and other elements have been incorporated into drug molecules, largely as tracers for quantitation during the drug development process. Deuteration has gained attention because of its potential to affect the pharmacokinetic and metabolic profiles of drugs^[1].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>

REFERENCES

- [1]. Russak EM, et al. Impact of Deuterium Substitution on the Pharmacokinetics of Pharmaceuticals. *Ann Pharmacother*. 2019;53(2):211-216.
- [2]. Kim E, et al. Daidzein Augments Cholesterol Homeostasis via ApoE to Promote Functional Recovery in Chronic Stroke. *J Neurosci*. 2015 Nov 11;35(45):15113-26.
- [3]. Sakamoto Y1, et al. The Dietary Isoflavone Daidzein Reduces Expression of Pro-Inflammatory Genes through PPARα/γ and JNK Pathways in Adipocyte and Macrophage Co-Cultures. *PLoS One*. 2016 Feb 22;11(2):e0149676.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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