Hydroxysafflor yellow A

Cat. No.: HY-N0567  
CAS No.: 78281-02-4  
Molecular Formula: C_{27}H_{32}O_{16}  
Molecular Weight: 612.53  
Target: Others  
Pathway: Others  
Storage: 4°C, protect from light

Solvent & Solubility

In Vitro  
DMSO : ≥ 34 mg/mL (55.51 mM)  
H_{2}O : 33.33 mg/mL (54.41 mM; Need ultrasonic)  
* “≥” means soluble, but saturation unknown.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Preparing Stock Solutions</th>
<th>Mass</th>
<th>1 mg</th>
<th>5 mg</th>
<th>10 mg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Solvent Concentration</td>
<td></td>
<td>1 mg</td>
<td>5 mg</td>
<td>10 mg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 mM</td>
<td>1.6326 mL</td>
<td>8.1629 mL</td>
<td>16.3257 mL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 mM</td>
<td>0.3265 mL</td>
<td>1.6326 mL</td>
<td>3.2651 mL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 mM</td>
<td>0.1633 mL</td>
<td>0.8163 mL</td>
<td>1.6326 mL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description  
Hydroxysafflor yellow A is a flavonoid derived and isolated from traditional Chinese medicine Carthamus tinctorius L., possesses anti-tumor activity. IC50 value:Target: in vitro: HYSA could inhibit LPS-induced VSMCs proliferation and migration, accompanied by the downregulated levels of several key pro-inflammatory cytokines, including TNF-α, IL-6, and IL-8. We further showed that HYSA inhibited LPS-induced upregulation of TLR-4 expression as well as the activation of Rac1/Akt pathway [1]. HSYA protected EC viability against LPS-induced injury (P<0.05). LPS-induced NF-κB p65 subunit DNA binding (P<0.01) and nuclear factor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B-cells inhibitor-α (I-κB-α) phosphorylation was inhibited by HSYA. HSYA attenuated LPS triggered ICAM-1 and E-selectin mRNA levels elevation and phosphorylation of p38 MAPK or c-Jun N-terminal kinase MAPK [2]. HSYA inhibited the proliferation of 3T3-L1 preadipocytes and cell viability greatly decreased in a dose and time dependent manner. HSYA (1 mg/l) notably reduced the amount of intracellular lipid and triglyceride content in adipocytes by 21.3 % (2.13 ± 0.36 vs 2.71 ± 0.40, P < 0.01) and 22.6 % (1.33 ± 0.07 vs 1.72 ± 0.07, P < 0.01) on days 8 following the differentiation, respectively [3]. in vivo: HSYA treatment ameliorated serum biochemical indicators by reducing the levels of alanine aminotransferase (ALT), aspartate aminotransferase (AST), hyaluronan (HA), laminin (LN), and type III precollagen (III-C) in rats [4].
REFERENCES


Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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