Corydalmine hydrochloride

MedChemExpress

Cat. No.:	HY-N2573A	
CAS No.:	2428393-60-4	0
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₀ H ₂₄ CINO ₄	0.
Molecular Weight:	377.86	H
Target:	Fungal; CXCR	
Pathway:	Anti-infection; GPCR/G Protein; Immunology/Inflammation	HO
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.	, O H−CI

Description	Corydalmine hydrochloride inhibits spore germination of some plant pathogenic as well as saprophytic fungi ^[1] . Corydalmine hydrochloride acts as an oral analgesic agent, exhibiting potent analgesic activity ^[2] . Corydalmine hydrochloride alleviates Vincristine-induced neuropathic pain in mice by inhibiting an NF-κB-dependent CXCL1/CXCR2 signaling pathway ^[3] .	
In Vivo	Corydalmine hydrochloride is a potent analgesic agent, in cynomolgus monkey, beagle dog, rat and mouse liver microsomes ^[2] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.	

REFERENCES

[1]. Basha SA, Jha RN, Pandey VB, Singh UP. Effect of 1-corydalmine, an Alkaloid Isolated from Corydalis chaerophylla Roots on Spore Germination of Some Fungi. Mycobiology. 2007;35(2):69-71.

[2]. Tang X, Di X, Zhong Z, et al. In vitro metabolism of l-corydalmine, a potent analgesic drug, in human, cynomolgus monkey, beagle dog, rat and mouse liver microsomes. J Pharm Biomed Anal. 2016;128:98-105.

[3]. Zhou L, Hu Y, Li C, et al. Levo-corydalmine alleviates vincristine-induced neuropathic pain in mice by inhibiting an NF-kappa B-dependent CXCL1/CXCR2 signaling pathway. Neuropharmacology. 2018;135:34-47.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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