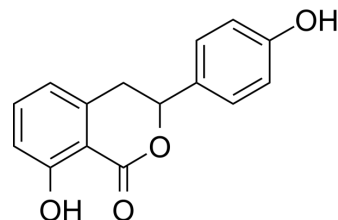


## Hydrangenol

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-N4028
<b>CAS No.:</b>	480-47-7
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O <sub>4</sub>
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	256.25
<b>Target:</b>	MMP; COX; Interleukin Related; p38 MAPK; ERK; Keap1-Nrf2
<b>Pathway:</b>	Metabolic Enzyme/Protease; Immunology/Inflammation; MAPK/ERK Pathway; Stem Cell/Wnt; NF-κB
<b>Storage:</b>	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

<b>Description</b>	Hydrangenol is an orally active antiphotaging compound. It can be isolated from <i>Hydrangea serrata</i> leaves. Hydrangenol prevents wrinkle formation by reducing MMP and inflammatory cytokine expression and increasing moisturizing factors and antioxidant genes level <sup>[1]</sup> .											
<b>IC<sub>50</sub> &amp; Target</b>	MMP-1	MMP-3	COX-2	IL-6								
<b>In Vivo</b>	<p>Hydrangenol (5-40 mg/kg; p.o.; daily for 7 weeks) mitigated wrinkle formation, dorsal thickness, dehydration, and collagen degradation in UVB-irradiated HR-1 hairless mice<sup>[1]</sup>.</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Animal Model:</td> <td>UVB-irradiated HR-1 hairless mice<sup>[1]</sup></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>5, 10, 20, or 40 mg/kg</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td> <td>Oral gavage; daily for 7 weeks</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td> <p>Increased the expression of involucrin, filaggrin, and aquaporin-3 (AQP3) as well as hyaluronic acid (HA) production via hyaluronidase (HYAL)-1/-2 downregulation.</p> <p>Increased the expression of Pro-COL1A1.</p> <p>Decreased the expression matrix metalloproteinase (MMP)-1/-3, cyclooxygenase-2 (COX-2), and interleukin-6 (IL-6).</p> <p>Attenuated the phosphorylation of mitogen-activated protein kinases (MAPKs) including ERK and p38, activator protein 1 (AP-1) subunit, and signal transduction and activation of transcription 1 (STAT1).</p> <p>Upregulated the expression of nuclear factor-E2-related factor 2 (Nrf2), heme oxygenase-1 (HO-1), NAD(P)H quinone dehydrogenase 1 (NQO-1), glutamate cysteine ligase modifier subunit (GCLM), and glutamate cysteine ligase catalysis subunit (GCLC).</p> </td> </tr> </table>				Animal Model:	UVB-irradiated HR-1 hairless mice <sup>[1]</sup>	Dosage:	5, 10, 20, or 40 mg/kg	Administration:	Oral gavage; daily for 7 weeks	Result:	<p>Increased the expression of involucrin, filaggrin, and aquaporin-3 (AQP3) as well as hyaluronic acid (HA) production via hyaluronidase (HYAL)-1/-2 downregulation.</p> <p>Increased the expression of Pro-COL1A1.</p> <p>Decreased the expression matrix metalloproteinase (MMP)-1/-3, cyclooxygenase-2 (COX-2), and interleukin-6 (IL-6).</p> <p>Attenuated the phosphorylation of mitogen-activated protein kinases (MAPKs) including ERK and p38, activator protein 1 (AP-1) subunit, and signal transduction and activation of transcription 1 (STAT1).</p> <p>Upregulated the expression of nuclear factor-E2-related factor 2 (Nrf2), heme oxygenase-1 (HO-1), NAD(P)H quinone dehydrogenase 1 (NQO-1), glutamate cysteine ligase modifier subunit (GCLM), and glutamate cysteine ligase catalysis subunit (GCLC).</p>
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### REFERENCES

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[1]. Myung DB, et al. Hydrangenol Isolated from the Leaves of Hydrangea serrata Attenuates Wrinkle Formation and Repairs Skin Moisture in UVB-Irradiated Hairless Mice. *Nutrients*. 2019 Oct 2;11(10):2354.

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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: [tech@MedChemExpress.com](mailto:tech@MedChemExpress.com)

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA