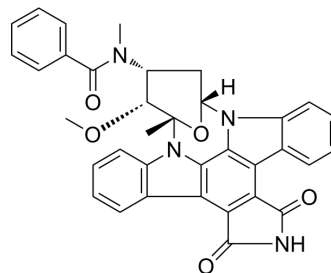


Stauprimide

Cat. No.:	HY-N6747
CAS No.:	154589-96-5
Molecular Formula:	C ₃₅ H ₂₈ N ₄ O ₅
Molecular Weight:	584.62
Target:	c-Myc; Autophagy
Pathway:	Apoptosis; Autophagy
Storage:	-20°C, stored under nitrogen
	* In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (stored under nitrogen)



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO : 10 mg/mL (17.11 mM; Need ultrasonic and warming)

Concentration	Mass			
	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg	
1 mM	1.7105 mL	8.5526 mL	17.1051 mL	
5 mM	0.3421 mL	1.7105 mL	3.4210 mL	
10 mM	0.1711 mL	0.8553 mL	1.7105 mL	

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

Stauprimide is a staurosporine analog that promotes embryonic stem cell (ESC) differentiation. Stauprimide is a non-broad spectrum inhibitor that binds to the MYC transcription factor NME2 and blocks its nuclear localization in ESCs, which results in down-regulation of MYC transcription^[1].

In Vitro

Stauprimide (10 μM; 6 hours) suppresses MYC transcription in the majority of cell lines tested with an EC₅₀ range of 30 nM-8 μM, and decreases MYC levels between 15% to over 90%^[1].

Stauprimide (2-8 μM; 24-72 hours) down-regulates MYC leads to the inhibition of cell proliferation in vitro with an IC₅₀ of 780 nM in RXF 393 cells^[1].

Stauprimide (5 μM; 3 hours) suppresses MYC Transcription by decreasing NME2 Nuclear Translocation^[1].

Stauprimide (4-10 μM; 6 hours) acts with different EC₅₀s and with different degrees of maximal MYC mRNA down-regulation in different cell lines^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Cell Proliferation Assay^[1]

Cell Line:	Renal cancer cell line RXF 393 cells
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	Concentration:	2 μ M, 4 μ M, 8 μ M
	Incubation Time:	24 hours, 48 hours, 72 hours
	Result:	Inhibited cell proliferation at concentrations of 2-8 μ M.
	Western Blot Analysis ^[1]	
	Cell Line:	Renal cancer cell line RXF 393 cells and CAKI-1 cells
	Concentration:	5 μ M
	Incubation Time:	3 hours
	Result:	Decreased nuclear localized NME2.
	RT-PCR ^[1]	
	Cell Line:	CA46 cells; Ramos cells; RXF393 cells; TK10 cells; KG1A cells; CAKI-1 cells
	Concentration:	4 μ M, 6 μ M, 8 μ M, 10 μ M
	Incubation Time:	6 hours
	Result:	Suppressed MYC transcription in KG1A cells with an EC ₅₀ of 400 \pm 50 nM and a suppression of 90%; CA46 cells were resistant to stauprimide.
In Vivo	Stauprimide (oral administration; 50 mg/kg; once daily; 30 days, 55 days) blocks tumor growth, reduces MYC protein levels in xenograft mouse with RXF 393 or CAKI-1 cells and inhibits MYC transcription in the RXF 393 tumor ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.	
	Animal Model:	Xenograft tumor models with RXF 393 and CAKI-1 cells in NOD/SCID mice ^[1]
	Dosage:	50 mg/kg
	Administration:	Oral administration; 50 mg/kg; once daily; 30 days, 55 days
	Result:	Blocked tumor growth in mice injected with either RXF 393 or CAKI-1 cells during the dosing periods.

REFERENCES

[1]. Bouvard C, et al. Small molecule selectively suppresses MYC transcription in cancer cells. Proc Natl Acad Sci USA. 2017 Mar 28;114(13):3497-3502.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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