

Spantide I TFA

Cat. No.:	HY-P1194A
Molecular Formula:	C ₇₇ H ₁₀₉ F ₃ N ₂₀ O ₁₅
Molecular Weight:	1611.81
Sequence Shortening:	{D-Arg}-PKPQQ-{D-Trp}-F-{D-Trp}-LL-NH ₂
Target:	Neurokinin Receptor
Pathway:	GPCR/G Protein; Neuronal Signaling
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Spantide I TFA, a substance P analog, is a selective NK ₁ receptor antagonist, with K _i values of 230 nM and 8150 nM for NK ₁ and NK ₂ receptor, respectively. Spantide I provides an approach to reduce type 1 and enhance the type 2 cytokine IL-10 in the infected cornea, leading to a significant reduction in corneal perforation ^{[1][2][3]} .								
In Vivo	<p>Spantide I (50 and 100 nM perfused through the cerebral ventricles) causes a complete respiratory arrest in all of the examined animals^[2].</p> <p>Spantide I (36 µg/mouse, ip daily) significantly decreases the number of perforated corneas, bacterial counts, and PMNs. Spantide I also downregulates the mRNA levels for type I cytokines (e.g., IFN-γ) as well as MIP-2, IL-6, TNF-α, and IL-1β^[3]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Animal Model:</td> <td>Female, 8-week-old C57BL/6 (B6) and BALB/c mice^[3].</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>36 µg/mouse.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td> <td>IP on days -1 and 0 (day of infection) and daily through 5 days pi (post infection).</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td> <p>At 3 and 5 days pi, compound-treated mice had significantly less severe ocular disease than did the PBS-treated mice.</p> <p>Contained significantly fewer PMNs than the corneas of PBS-treated mice at 3 and 5 days pi.</p> <p>Significantly reduced levels of corneal TNF-α mRNA at 3 and 5 days pi.</p> <p>Significantly reduced the level of IL-18 mRNA at 1 day pi.</p> </td> </tr> </table>	Animal Model:	Female, 8-week-old C57BL/6 (B6) and BALB/c mice ^[3] .	Dosage:	36 µg/mouse.	Administration:	IP on days -1 and 0 (day of infection) and daily through 5 days pi (post infection).	Result:	<p>At 3 and 5 days pi, compound-treated mice had significantly less severe ocular disease than did the PBS-treated mice.</p> <p>Contained significantly fewer PMNs than the corneas of PBS-treated mice at 3 and 5 days pi.</p> <p>Significantly reduced levels of corneal TNF-α mRNA at 3 and 5 days pi.</p> <p>Significantly reduced the level of IL-18 mRNA at 1 day pi.</p>
Animal Model:	Female, 8-week-old C57BL/6 (B6) and BALB/c mice ^[3] .								
Dosage:	36 µg/mouse.								
Administration:	IP on days -1 and 0 (day of infection) and daily through 5 days pi (post infection).								
Result:	<p>At 3 and 5 days pi, compound-treated mice had significantly less severe ocular disease than did the PBS-treated mice.</p> <p>Contained significantly fewer PMNs than the corneas of PBS-treated mice at 3 and 5 days pi.</p> <p>Significantly reduced levels of corneal TNF-α mRNA at 3 and 5 days pi.</p> <p>Significantly reduced the level of IL-18 mRNA at 1 day pi.</p>								

REFERENCES

- [1]. J C Beaujouan, et al. Higher potency of RP 67580, in the mouse and the rat compared with other nonpeptide and peptide tachykinin NK1 antagonists. *Br J Pharmacol.* 1993 Mar;108(3):793-800.
- [2]. M Zubrzycka, et al. Comparison of antagonistic properties of substance P analogs, spantide I, II and III, on evoked tongue jerks in rats. *Endocr Regul.* 2000 Mar;34(1):13-8.
- [3]. Linda D Hazlett, et al. Spantide I decreases type I cytokines, enhances IL-10, and reduces corneal perforation in susceptible mice after *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA