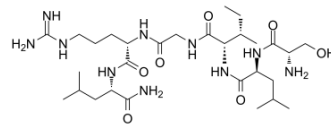


## SLIGRL-NH2

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-P1308	
<b>CAS No.:</b>	171436-38-7	
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>29</sub> H <sub>56</sub> N <sub>10</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	656.82	
<b>Sequence:</b>	Ser-Leu-Ile-Gly-Arg-Leu-NH <sub>2</sub>	
<b>Sequence Shortening:</b>	SLIGRL-NH <sub>2</sub>	
<b>Target:</b>	Protease-Activated Receptor (PAR)	
<b>Pathway:</b>	GPCR/G Protein	
<b>Storage:</b>	Powder	-80°C 2 years -20°C 1 year
	In solvent	-80°C 6 months -20°C 1 month



### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

#### In Vitro

H<sub>2</sub>O : 110 mg/mL (167.47 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	Concentration			
	1 mM	1.5225 mL	7.6124 mL	15.2249 mL
	5 mM	0.3045 mL	1.5225 mL	3.0450 mL
	10 mM	0.1522 mL	0.7612 mL	1.5225 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

#### Description

SLIGRL-NH<sub>2</sub> (Protease-Activated Receptor-2 Activating Peptide) is an agonist of Protease-Activated Receptor-2 (PAR-2)<sup>[1]</sup>.

#### IC<sub>50</sub> & Target

PAR-2<sup>[1]</sup>

#### In Vitro

SLIGRL-NH<sub>2</sub> is an agonist of PAR-2 and MrgprC11<sup>[1]</sup>. SLIGRL-NH<sub>2</sub> causes an L-NAME-inhibited relaxation. Based on SLIGRL-NH<sub>2</sub> causing a concentration-dependent relaxation with an EC<sub>50</sub> of 10 μM in endothelium-free preparations in the presence of perivascular adipose tissue (PVAT), 20 μM is used as a suitable 'test' concentration of peptide in subsequent experiments designed to evaluate the effects of potential inhibitors of ADRF release/action. In the endothelium-free aorta preparations, SLIGRL-NH<sub>2</sub> causes a concentration-dependent relaxation in preparations only in the presence of PVAT [+PVAT, -ENDO (endothelium)]<sup>[2]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

---

## REFERENCES

---

[1]. Akiyama T, et al. Behavioral model of itch, allodynia, pain and allodynia in the lower hindlimb and correlativeresponses of lumbar dorsal horn neurons in the mouse. Neuroscience. 2014 Apr 25;266:38-46.

[2]. Li Y, et al. Perivascular adipose tissue-derived relaxing factors: release by peptide agonists via proteinase-activated receptor-2 (PAR2) and non-PAR2 mechanisms. Br J Pharmacol. 2011 Dec;164(8):1990-2002.

---

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: [tech@MedChemExpress.com](mailto:tech@MedChemExpress.com)

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA