Product Data Sheet

Ac-[Nle4,D-Phe7]- α -MSH (4-10)-NH2

Cat. No.: HY-P3662 CAS No.: 82188-67-8 Molecular Formula: $C_{47}H_{64}N_{14}O_{10}$

Molecular Weight: 985.1

Sequence Shortening: Ac-{Nle}-EH-{d-Phe}-RWG-NH2

Target: Tyrosinase

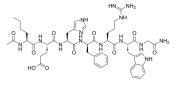
Pathway: Metabolic Enzyme/Protease

Storage: Sealed storage, away from moisture and light

> Powder -80°C 2 years -20°C 1 year

* In solvent: -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture

and light)



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO: 100 mg/mL (101.51 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	1.0151 mL	5.0756 mL	10.1513 mL
	5 mM	0.2030 mL	1.0151 mL	2.0303 mL
	10 mM	0.1015 mL	0.5076 mL	1.0151 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Ac-[Nle4,D-Phe7]- α -MSH (4-10)-NH2 is a melanotropin, a melanocyte-stimulating hormone. Ac-[Nle4,D-Phe7]- α -MSH (4-10)-NH2 stimulates tyrosinase and exhibits thermoregulatory effect in rats model ^{[1][2]} .	
In Vitro	Ac-[Nle4,D-Phe7]- α -MSH (4-10)-NH2 (0.1 pM-1 μ M; 48 h) stimulates tyrosinase activity in a dose-dependent manner in Cloudman S91 mouse melanoma cells ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.	
In Vivo	Ac-[Nle4,D-Phe7]-α-MSH (4-10)-NH2 (0-50 pM; i.c.v.; single dose) exerts thermoregulatory effect in rats model ^[2] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. Animal Model: Rat model ^[2]	

Dosage:	0, 0.5, 1, 5, 10, or 50 pM peptide in 0.5 μL sterile saline
Administration:	Intracerebroventricular injection in the anterior hypothalamic-preoptic area (AHPOA) or rats; single dose; recorded 0, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, and 60 min after injection
Result:	Showed greater difference than mean temperatures of animals receiving sterile saline group.

REFERENCES

[1]. Marwan MM, et al. Stimulation of S91 melanoma tyrosinase activity by superpotent alpha-melanotropins. Mol Cell Endocrinol. 1985 Jul;41(2-3):171-7.

[2]. Lyn H, et al. α -Melanocyte-stimulating hormone (MSH) and [Nle4, D-Phe7]- α -MSH: Effects on core temperature in rats. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior. 1993;44(3):533-538.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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