

Screening Libraries

Proteins

Product Data Sheet

Animal-Free GCP-2/CXCL6 Protein, Human (His)

Cat. No.: HY-P700048AF

Synonyms: C-X-C motif chemokine 6; CKA-3; GCP-2; CXCL6; GCP2; SCYB6

Species: Source: E. coli

P80162 (V40-N114) Accession:

Gene ID: 6372

Molecular Weight: Approximately 8.97 kDa

PROPERTIES

AA Sequence

 $\mathsf{T}\;\mathsf{C}\;\mathsf{L}\;\mathsf{R}\;\mathsf{V}\;\mathsf{T}\;\mathsf{L}\;\mathsf{R}\;\mathsf{V}\;\mathsf{N}$ VSAVLTELRC PKTIGKLQVF PAGPQCSKVE

VVASLKNGKQ VCLDPEAPFL KKVIQKILDS GNKKN

Biological Activity Measure by its ability to chemoattract BaF3 cells transfected with human CXCR2. The ED₅₀ for this effect is <10 ng/mL.

Appearance Lyophilized powder.

Formulation Lyophilized from a solution containing 1X PBS, pH 7.4.

Endotoxin Level <0.1 EU per 1 µg of the protein by the LAL method.

Reconsititution It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 μg/mL in ddH₂O.

Storage & Stability Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is

recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.

Shipping Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background

CXCL8, a chemotactic factor, serves as a pivotal mediator in the inflammatory response by attracting neutrophils, basophils, and T-cells to eliminate pathogens and safeguard the host from infections. This protein also plays a crucial role in activating neutrophils. Upon release in response to an inflammatory stimulus, CXCL8 exerts its effects by binding to the G-proteincoupled receptors CXCR1 and CXCR2, predominantly expressed in neutrophils, monocytes, and endothelial cells. The binding triggers the release of G-protein heterotrimer (alpha, beta, gamma subunits) from the CXCR1/CXCR2 receptor, leading to the activation of downstream signaling pathways, including PI3K and MAPK pathways. CXCL8's homodimeric structure facilitates its interactions, and it has been shown to interact with TNFAIP6, disrupting chemokine binding to glycosaminoglycans. This multifaceted role underscores the importance of CXCL8 in orchestrating immune responses during inflammation.

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