



Screening Libraries

Proteins

Product Data Sheet

Cyclophilin A Protein, Mouse (tag free)

Cat. No.: HY-P70007A

Synonyms: rMuPeptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase A/Cyclophilin A; Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase A;

PPIase A; Cyclophilin A; Cyclosporin A-binding protein; Rotamase A; SP18; PPIA; CYPA

Mouse Species: Source: E. coli

Accession: P17742 (M1-L164)

Gene ID: 268373

Molecular Weight: approximately 18.07 kDa

PROPERTIES

ΔΔ	Sac	iuen	
MA	260	ıueı	LE

MVNPTVFFDI TADDEPLGRV SFELFADKVP KTAENFRALS TGEKGFGYKG SSFHRIIPGF MCQGGDFTRH NGTGGRSIYG EKFEDENFIL KHTGPGILSM ANAGPNTNGS QFFICTAKTE WLDGKHVVFG KVKEGMNIVE AMERFGSRNG KTSKKITISD

CGQL

Biological Activity

The enzyme activity of this recombinant protein is testing in progress, we cannot offer a guarantee yet.

Appearance

Lyophilized powder.

Formulation

Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20 mM PB,150 mM NaCl, pH 7.4.

Endotoxin Level

<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.

Reconsititution

It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu g/mL$ in ddH₂O. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose).

Storage & Stability

Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.

Shipping

Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background

Cyclophilin A catalyzes the cis-trans isomerization of proline imidic peptide bonds, exerting a potent chemotactic effect on leukocytes through the activation of its membrane receptor BSG/CD147 and initiating a signaling cascade culminating in MAPK/ERK activation. This protein activates endothelial cells (ECs) in a pro-inflammatory manner by stimulating NF-kappa-B and MAP-kinase signaling, inducing the expression of adhesion molecules like SELE and VCAM1. Moreover, Cyclophilin A induces apoptosis in ECs by promoting FOXO1-dependent expression of CCL2 and BCL2L11. In response to oxidative stress,

it initiates both proapoptotic and antiapoptotic signaling pathways in ECs through NF-kappa-B activation, AKT1 upregulation, and BCL2 induction. It negatively regulates MAP3K5/ASK1 kinase activity and is essential for the assembly of TARDBP in heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein complexes, thereby influencing TARDBP binding to RNA and the expression of HDAC6, ATG7, and VCP, crucial for protein aggregate clearance. Cyclophilin A also plays a pivotal role in platelet activation and aggregation, regulates calcium mobilization, integrin ITGA2B:ITGB3 bidirectional signaling, and binds heparan sulfate glycosaminoglycans.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898 Fax: 609-228-5909 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA

Page 2 of 2 www.MedChemExpress.com