**Proteins** 



## **Product** Data Sheet

## Animal-Free IL-12 beta Protein, Mouse (His)

Cat. No.: HY-P700191AF

Interleukin-12 subunit beta; IL-12 subunit p40; IL-12B; Cytotoxic Lymphocyte Maturation Factor Synonyms:

40 kDa subunit (CLMF p40); NK cell Stimulating Factor Chain 2

Species: Mouse Source: E. coli

Accession: P43432 (M23-S335)

Gene ID: 16160

Molecular Weight: Approximately 36.60 kDa

## **PROPERTIES**

AA Sequence	MWELEKDVYV VEVDWTPDAP GETVNLTCDT PEEDDITWTS DQRHGVIGSG KTLTITVKEF LDAGQYTCHK GGETLSHSHL LLHKKENGIW STEILKNFKN KTFLKCEAPN YSGRFTCSWL VQRNMDLKFN IKSSSSSPDS RAVTCGMASL SAEKVTLDQR DYEKYSVSCQ EDVTCPTAEE TLPIELALEA RQQNKYENYS TSFFIRDIIK PDPPKNLQMK PLKNSQVEVS WEYPDSWSTP HSYFSLKFFV RIQRKKEKMK ETEEGCNQKG AFLVEKTSTE VQCKGGNVCV QAQDRYYNSS CSKWACVPCR VRS
Biological Activity	Measure by its ability to induce proliferation in T-cell enriched PBMC. The ED <sub>50</sub> for this effect is <0.3 ng/mL.
Appearance	Lyophilized powder.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a solution containing 1X PBS, pH 7.4.
Endotoxin Level	<0.1 EU per 1 $\mu g$ of the protein by the LAL method.
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu g/mL$ in ddH $_2$ O.
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

## **DESCRIPTION**

Background

The IL-12 beta Protein, a cytokine, functions as a growth factor for activated T and NK cells, enhancing the lytic activity of NK/lymphokine-activated killer cells and stimulating the production of IFN-gamma by resting PBMC. Furthermore, it associates with IL23A to form the IL-23 interleukin, a heterodimeric cytokine that plays a crucial role in both innate and

adaptive immunity. IL-23, when bound to a heterodimeric receptor complex composed of IL12RB1 and IL23R, activates the Jak-Stat signaling cascade, preferentially stimulating memory T-cells over naive T-cells and promoting the production of pro-inflammatory cytokines. This interleukin may constitute, along with IL-17, an acute response to infection in peripheral tissues. However, IL-23's involvement extends to inducing autoimmune inflammation, potentially contributing to autoimmune inflammatory diseases, and it may play a significant role in tumorigenesis.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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