

Screening Libraries

Proteins

Product Data Sheet

GH1/Somatotropin Protein, Human (HEK293, N-His, C-Myc)

Cat. No.: HY-P700412

Synonyms: GH; GH-N; GHN; hGH-N; Growth hormone; Pituitary growth hormone; growth hormone 1; GH1;

IGHD1B; Somatotropin; hGH

Human Species: Source: **HEK293**

Accession: P01241 (F27-F217)

Gene ID: 2688

Molecular Weight: 27.2 kDa

PROPERTIES

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AA	~	മവ	11	Δ	n	~	Δ

FPTIPLSRLF DNAMLRAHRL HQLAFDTYQE FEEAYIPKEQ KYSFLQNPQT SLCFSESIPT PSNREETQQK SNLELLRISL LVYGASDSNV LLIQSWLEPV QFLRSVFANS YDLLKDLEEG GSPRTGQIFK QTYSKFDTNS HNDDALLKNY IQTLMGRLED

GLLYCFRKDM DKVETFLRIV OCRSVEGSCG

Biological Activity

Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized GH1 at 1 μg/mL can bind human GHR, the EC₅₀ of the protein is ≤25.29 ng/ml.

Appearance

Lyophilized powder.

Formulation

Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20 mM Tris-HCl, 0.5 M NaCl, 6% Trehalose, pH 8.0

Endotoxin Level

<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.

Reconsititution

It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 μg/mL in ddH₂O.

Storage & Stability

Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.

Shipping

Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background

The Somatotropin (GH) protein plays a pivotal role in growth control, exerting its primary influence on body growth by stimulating the liver and other tissues to secrete insulin-like growth factor 1 (IGF-1). GH serves as a potent regulator of both the differentiation and proliferation of myoblasts, contributing significantly to the overall growth and development of the organism. Additionally, it plays a crucial role in enhancing amino acid uptake and promoting protein synthesis in muscle and various tissues. Structurally, GH exists in various forms, including monomers, dimers, trimers, tetramers, and

Page 1 of 2 www.MedChemExpress.com pentamers, either disulfide-linked or non-covalently associated, in homomeric and heteromeric combinations. Furthermore, GH can form complexes with GH binding protein (GHBP) or with the alpha2-macroglobulin complex, underscoring its versatile molecular interactions that contribute to its multifaceted roles in growth regulation and tissue development.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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