

EIF3G Protein, Human (His-SUMO)

Cat. No.:	HY-P700506
Synonyms:	eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit G; EIF3S4; EIF3-P42; eIF3-p44; eIF3-delta; eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit G; eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 RNA-binding subunit; eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 subunit p42; eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3, subunit 4 delta, 44kDa
Species:	Human
Source:	E. coli
Accession:	O75821 (P2-N320)
Gene ID:	8666
Molecular Weight:	51.5 kDa

PROPERTIES

AA Sequence	<pre> PTGDFDSKPS WADQVEEEGE DDKCVTSELL KGIPLATGDT SPEPELLPGA PLPPPKEVIN GNIKTVTEYK IDEDGKKFKI VRTFRIETRK ASKAVARRKN WKKFGNSEFD PPGPNVATTT VSDDVSMTFI TSKEDLNCQE EEDPMNKLKG QKIVSCRICK GDHWTTTRCPY KDTLGPMPQKE LAEQLGLSTG EKEKLPGELE PVQATQNKTG KYVPPSLRDG ASRRGESMQP NRRADDNATI RVTNLSEDTR ETDLQELFRP FGSISRILYA KDKTTGQSKG FAFISFHRE DAARA IAGVS GFGYDHLILN VEWAKPSTN </pre>
Appearance	Lyophilized powder.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of Tris/PBS-based buffer, 6% Trehalose, pH 8.0.
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.
Reconstitution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 µg/mL in ddH ₂ O.
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background	The EIF3G protein functions as an RNA-binding component within the eukaryotic translation initiation factor 3 (eIF-3) complex, a crucial player in various steps of protein synthesis initiation. The eIF-3 complex, associated with the 40S ribosome, facilitates the recruitment of essential factors, such as eIF-1, eIF-1A, eIF-2:GTP:methionyl-tRNA _i , and eIF-5, to form the 43S pre-initiation complex (43S PIC). Subsequently, EIF3G, as part of the eIF-3 complex, promotes mRNA recruitment to
-------------------	--

the 43S PIC and scanning for AUG recognition. Furthermore, it plays a key role in the disassembly and recycling of post-termination ribosomal complexes, preventing premature joining of the 40S and 60S ribosomal subunits before initiation. The eIF-3 complex, including EIF3G, selectively targets and initiates translation of specific mRNAs involved in cell proliferation, influencing processes like cell cycling, differentiation, and apoptosis. Through different modes of RNA stem-loop binding, EIF3G can exert either translational activation or repression. In the context of microbial infection, such as FCV infection, EIF3G is implicated in the ribosomal termination-reinitiation event leading to the translation of specific viral proteins.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA