

HK1/Hexokinase-1 Protein, Human (463a.a, P. pastoris, His)

Cat. No.:	HY-P700581
Synonyms:	Hexokinase-1; HK1; Brain form hexokinase; Hexokinase type I; HK I; Hexokinase-A
Species:	Human
Source:	P. pastoris
Accession:	P19367 (E13-A475)
Gene ID:	3098
Molecular Weight:	53.9 kDa

PROPERTIES

AA Sequence

E L K D D Q V K K I	D K Y L Y A M R L S	D E T L I D I M T R	F R K E M K N G L S
R D F N P T A T V K	M L P T F V R S I P	D G S E K G D F I A	L D L G G S S F R I
L R V Q V N H E K N	Q N V H M E S E V Y	D T P E N I V H G S	G S Q L F D H V A E
C L G D F M E K R K	I K D K K L P V G F	T F S F P C Q Q S K	I D E A I L I T W T
K R F K A S G V E G	A D V V K L L N K A	I K K R G D Y D A N	I V A V V N D T V G
T M M T C G Y D D Q	H C E V G L I I G T	G T N A C Y M E E L	R H I D L V E G D E
G R M C I N T E W G	A F G D D G S L E D	I R T E F D R E I D	R G S L N P G K Q L
F E K M V S G M Y L	G E L V R L I L V K	M A K E G L L F E G	R I T P E L L T R G
K F N T S D V S A I	E K N K E G L H N A	K E I L T R L G V E	P S D D D C V S V Q
H V C T I V S F R S	A N L V A A T L G A	I L N R L R D N K G	T P R L R T T V G V
D G S L Y K T H P Q	Y S R R F H K T L R	R L V P D S D V R F	L L S E S G S G K G
A A M V T A V A Y R	L A E Q H R Q I E E	T L A	

Biological Activity The enzyme activity of this recombinant protein is testing in progress, we cannot offer a guarantee yet.

Appearance Lyophilized powder.

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of Tris/PBS-based buffer, 6% Trehalose, pH 8.0.

Endotoxin Level <1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.

Reconstitution It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 µg/mL in ddH₂O.

Storage & Stability Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.

Shipping Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.

DESCRIPTION

Background

The Hexokinase-1 (HK1) protein plays a pivotal role in cellular metabolism by catalyzing the phosphorylation of various hexoses, including D-glucose, D-glucosamine, D-fructose, D-mannose, and 2-deoxy-D-glucose, to generate hexose 6-phosphate (D-glucose 6-phosphate, D-glucosamine 6-phosphate, D-fructose 6-phosphate, D-mannose 6-phosphate, and 2-deoxy-D-glucose 6-phosphate, respectively). While HK1 does not phosphorylate N-acetyl-D-glucosamine, it mediates the critical initial step of glycolysis by catalyzing the phosphorylation of D-glucose to D-glucose 6-phosphate. Beyond its metabolic functions, HK1 is involved in innate immunity and inflammation, acting as a pattern recognition receptor for bacterial peptidoglycan. In the cytosol, the N-acetyl-D-glucosamine component of bacterial peptidoglycan inhibits HK1's activity, leading to its dissociation from the mitochondrial outer membrane and subsequently activating the NLRP3 inflammasome. This multifaceted role underscores HK1's significance in cellular processes beyond glycolysis, highlighting its involvement in immune response and inflammation.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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