

# Product Data Sheet

# Inhibitors • Screening Libraries • Proteins

## **OTUD7B Protein, Human (Sf9)**

Cat. No.:	HY-P701465
Synonyms:	OTUD7B; OTU domain-containing protein 7B; Cellular zinc finger anti-NF-kappa-B protein; Cezanne; Zinc finger A20 domain-containing protein 1; Zinc finger protein Cezanne
Species:	Human
Source:	Sf9 insect cells
Accession:	Q6GQQ9 (T2-F843)
Gene ID:	56957
Molecular Weight:	

PROPERTIES	
Appearance	Solution.
Formulation	Supplied as a 0.22 $\mu m$ filtered solution of 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH7.5, 200 mM NaCl, 20% glycerol.
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.
Reconsititution	Please use rapid thawing with running water to thaw the protein.
Storage & Stability	Stored at -80°C for 1 year. It is stable at -20°C for 3 months after opening. It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -80°C for extended storage. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Shipping	Shipping with dry ice.

### DESCRIPTION

### Background

Page 1 of 1

OTUD7B protein acts as a negative regulator of the non-canonical NF-kappa-B pathway by facilitating the deubiquitination of TRAF3, a suppressor of NF-kappa-B signaling, thereby dampening B-cell responses. In the context of non-canonical NFkappa-B stimuli, OTUD7B targets 'Lys-48'-linked polyubiquitin chains on TRAF3, preventing its proteolysis and averting excessive activation of the non-canonical NF-kappa-B pathway. This negative regulatory role extends to mucosal immunity against infections. Additionally, OTUD7B modulates T cell receptor (TCR) signaling by deubiquitinating ZAP70, influencing NF-kappa-B activation in T cells. Furthermore, OTUD7B contributes to T cell homeostasis, playing a crucial role in normal T cell responses and the production of key cytokines such as IFNG and IL2. The protein also exhibits deubiquitinating activity towards EGFR and demonstrates versatility in hydrolyzing various polyubiquitin chain linkages, including 'Lys-11', 'Lys-48', and 'Lys-63'-linked polyubiquitin chains. While it exhibits a higher catalytic rate with 'Lys-11'-linked chains in vitro, the physiological significance of this preference remains uncertain.

### Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898 Fax: 609-228-5909 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA