

## Product Data Sheet

## Inhibitors • Screening Libraries • Proteins

## hydB Protein, Pyrococcus furiosus

Cat. No.:	HY-P701916
Synonyms:	hydB; Sulfhydrogenase 1 subunit beta; Sulfhydrogenase I subunit beta; Sulfur reductase subunit HydB
Species:	Others
Source:	E. coli
Accession:	Q8U2E5 (M1-V367)
Gene ID:	41712699
Molecular Weight:	

Solution.
Supplied as a 0.22 $\mu m$ filtered solution of 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH7.5, 200 mM NaCl, 20% glycerol.
<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.
Please use rapid thawing with running water to thaw the protein.
Stored at -80°C for 1 year. It is stable at -20°C for 3 months after opening. It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -80°C for extended storage. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Shipping with dry ice.

DESCRIPTION	
Background	HydB is a component of a bifunctional enzyme complex, acting as an NADPH-dependent hydrogen-evolving hydrogenase with sulfur reducing activity. This enzyme may contribute to hydrogen cycling during fermentative growth. Notably, its activity is not demonstrated with NAD, and the beta and gamma subunits together form the sulfur-reducing component responsible for catalyzing the cytoplasmic production of hydrogen sulfide in the presence of elemental sulfur. However, HydB is inactive when exposed to sodium sulfate, sodium sulfite, sodium thiosulfate, or cysteine. These findings highlight its
	role in the intricate processes of hydrogen metabolism and sulfur reduction, specifically under certain environmental conditions.

## Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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