**Proteins** 

# **Screening Libraries**

**Product** Data Sheet

# FLRT2 Protein, Human (HEK293, His)

Cat. No.: HY-P70201

Synonyms: rHuLeucine-rich repeat transmembrane protein FLRT2/FLRT2, His; Leucine-Rich Repeat

Transmembrane Protein FLRT2; Fibronectin-Like Domain-Containing Leucine-Rich

Transmembrane Protein 2; FLRT2; KIAA0405

Species: Human Source: HEK293

O43155 (C36-S539) Accession:

Gene ID: 23768 Molecular Weight: 75-85 kDa

# **PROPERTIES**

AA Sequence				
·	CPSVCRCDRN	FVYCNERSLT	SVPLGIPEGV	TVLYLHNNQI
	NNAGFPAELH	NVQSVHTVYL	YGNQLDEFPM	NLPKNVRVLH
	LQENNIQTIS	RAALAQLLKL	EELHLDDNSI	STVGVEDGAF
	REAISLKLLF	LSKNHLSSVP	VGLPVDLQEL	RVDENRIAVI
	SDMAFQNLTS	LERLIVDGNL	LTNKGIAEGT	FSHLTKLKEF
	SIVRNSLSHP	PPDLPGTHLI	RLYLQDNQIN	HIPLTAFSNL
	RKLERLDISN	NQLRMLTQGV	FDNLSNLKQL	TARNNPWFCD
	CSIKWVTEWL	KYIPSSLNVR	GFMCQGPEQV	RGMAVRELNM
	NLLSCPTTTP	GLPLFTPAPS	TASPTTQPPT	LSIPNPSRSY
	TPPTPTTSKL	PTIPDWDGRE	RVTPPISERI	QLSIHFVNDT
	SIQVSWLSLF	TVMAYKLTWV	KMGHSLVGGI	VQERIVSGEK
	QHLSLVNLEP	RSTYRICLVP	LDAFNYRAVE	DTICSEATTH
	ASYLNNGSNT	ASSHEQTTSH	SMGS	
Appearance	Lyophilized powder.			
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20 mM PB, 150 mM NaCl, pH 7.2.			
Endotoxin Level	<1 EU/µg, determined by LAL method.			
Reconsititution	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 $\mu$ g/mL in ddH <sub>2</sub> O. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% BSA, 5% HSA, 10% FBS or 5% Trehalose).			
Storage & Stability	Stored at -20°C for 2 years. After reconstitution, it is stable at 4°C for 1 week or -20°C for longer (with carrier protein). It is recommended to freeze aliquots at -20°C or -80°C for extended storage.			
Shipping	Room temperature in continental US; may vary elsewhere.			

# **DESCRIPTION**

Page 1 of 2 www. Med Chem Express. com

# Background

The FLRT2 protein operates in cell-cell adhesion, cell migration, and axon guidance, participating in these processes through various molecular interactions. It facilitates cell-cell adhesion by engaging with ADGRL3 and potentially other latrophilins present on the surface of neighboring cells. In brain development, FLRT2 may contribute to the migration of cortical neurons by interacting with UNC5D. Additionally, it plays a role in axon growth cone collapse and functions as a repulsive cue in neuron guidance, particularly through its interaction with UNC5D and potentially other UNC-5 family members. FLRT2 is implicated in fibroblast growth factor-mediated signaling cascades. It is essential for the proper organization of the cardiac basement membrane during embryogenesis and contributes to normal embryonic epicardium and heart morphogenesis. The protein self-associates via leucine-rich repeats, forming homooligomers. FLRT2 interacts with FGFR1 and FGFR2, as well as with ADGRL1/LPHN1, ADGRL3, UNC5D, UNC5B (with lower affinity), and FN1 through its extracellular domain, highlighting its diverse roles in cellular processes and developmental events.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898 Fax: 609-228-5909 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA