

Product Data Sheet

APH1A Protein, Human (Cell-Free, His, SUMO)

Cat. No.:	HY-P702211
Synonyms:	Gamma-secretase subunit APH-1A; Aph-1alpha; Presenilin-stabilization factor
Species:	Human
Source:	E. coli Cell-free
Accession:	Q96BI3 (M1-D247)
Gene ID:	51107
Molecular Weight:	Observed band size: Monomer: 40 kDaDimer: 90 kDaIt is speculated that the proteinforms a dimeric structure.

DESCRIPTION

Background

APH1A protein serves as a non-catalytic subunit within the gamma-secretase complex, an endoprotease assembly crucial

for catalyzing the intramembrane cleavage of integral membrane proteins, including Notch receptors and APP (amyloidbeta precursor protein). Its involvement in gamma-secretase assembly is essential, contributing to the normal formation of this complex. The gamma-secretase complex, comprising a presenilin homodimer (PSEN1 or PSEN2), nicastrin (NCSTN), APH1 (APH1A or APH1B), and PSENEN/PEN2, plays a pivotal role in various cellular processes, such as Notch and Wnt signaling cascades, as well as the regulation of downstream events by processing key regulatory proteins. Additionally, it is implicated in modulating cytosolic CTNNB1 levels, highlighting its significance in diverse cellular pathways.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

 Tel: 609-228-6898
 Fax: 609-228-5909
 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

 Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA